THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 45. TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 27, 1830. NO. 63.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at FOUR dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or THREE dollars at the end of the year.

REES R. JONES,

NO. 33 Hand Street, between Penn and Liberty streets, having enlarged his Factory, has now on hand, and intends always to keep, a large and complete assortment of all kinds of

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,

Spanish, Half Spanish, and Common Segars.

Also, Scotch and Rappee Snuff, all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1829.—tf.

Superior Business Stands FOR SALE.

THOSE two elegant brick dwelling houses and stores, No. 108 & 110, Market street, opposite the Allegheny bridge: one lately occupied by James Kerr, and the other, at present, by J. Shea & Co. Payments very accommodating.

Apply to
H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
Pittsburgh, Dec. 15, 1829.—tf

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets.) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.
September 18, 1829.—tf.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,
Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

TRIAL OF ANTICHRIST,

OTHERWISE the Man of Sin, for High Treason against the Son of God. Tried at the Session House of Truth, before the Right Hon. Divine Revelation, Lord Chief Justice of his Majesty's Court of Equity; the Hon. Justice Reason, of said Court: and the Hon. Justice History, one of the Justices of his Majesty's Court of Information. The Books will be ready within a few days, if God permit, and may be had at Mr. Patterson's Book-store, and from the Publisher.—Price 56 cents single, or 50 cents by the dozen.

ROBERT WILSON.
February 2, 1830.—tf

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells, FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,

Have for sale, an assortment of

Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,

ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.

ALSO,

Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS,* Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE STORE.

S. FAHNESTOCK,

CORNER OF FIFTH & WOOD ST'TS, has just received, and is now opening, a large and extensive assortment of HARDWARE, consisting of all the variety of articles in demand. Merchants and Saddlers are particularly requested to call and examine. Feb. 16, 1830—tf.

A. H. HOGE.

Hardware Merchant,

M'DONALD'S SQUARE,

No. 130 Liberty Street, fronting Market Street,

HAS received his spring supply of GOODS, embracing an extensive assortm't of Hardware, which he offers at a small advance, to country merchants and others.

Pittsburgh, March 19—tf.

S. Baird & Co.

INFORM their friends and the public in general, that they have associated *W. G. Alexander*, (late clerk of Wm. Bell, Jr.) in their wholesale business, at No. 106 Wood Street. The business will be conducted as heretofore, under the firm of S. BAIRD & Co. They tender their thanks to their friends for past favors, and solicit a continuance.

S. Baird & Co. are now receiving a large and general assortment of EUROPEAN, INDIA, AND DOMESTIC GOODS, purchased at the lowest prices in the Eastern Markets, which they will dispose of on accommodating terms, by the piece or package.

They have also a general assortment of PAPER HANGINGS AND BORDERINGS of every description, being sole agents for the manufacturers, J. Shidle & Co. Feb. 27, 1829—tf.

WIRE FACTORY.

THE BEAVER WIRE FACTORY is now in full operation, and prepared to supply the demand for Iron Wire, from No. 1 to No. 35, of a superior quality, and at the lowest rates. This wire has been pronounced, by those who are in the habit of using it, to be much superior, in every respect, to the English wire which has been heretofore imported. Western Merchants, Manufacturers, and others who deal in this article, are requested to forward their orders to

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co. or
R. TOWNSEND & Co.
Agents for the Factory.
Pittsburgh, Oct. 20, 1829.—tf

TO MANUFACTURERS OF TOBACCO.

FOR SALE, by REES R. JONES, at No. 33 Hand street, 40 hhds.

PRIME SEGAR

LEAF TOBACCO.

April 5, 1830—tf.

PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATION.

THE stock of goods on hand, belonging to the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association, consisting of coarse and fine Cloths, Sattinets, Flannels, Domestic Cottons, Window Glass, and an assortment of Hardware, Ironmongery, &c. &c. will be sold off at prime cost, for cash or approved notes.—Apply at the Store, No. 26 Wood Street.

Geo. COCHRAN of Rd. *Agent.*

☞In addition to the Stock of Goods belonging to the P. M. Association, for sale as above, G. C. has received various consignments, amongst which are the following articles:

Broadcloths, Flannels, Cassinetts, Blanketing,
Checks, Plaids, Ticking, Diaper, Calicoes,
Cotton Yarn, Table Linens, Dam'k Table Cloths,
Carpets, Sole and Upper Leather,
Dressed Deerskins, Shot, Cordage,
Kiskeminetas Salt, Machine Cards,
Fullers' Boards, Foot Oil, Bolting Cloths.
Also,—One Pipe MADEIRA WINE, selected, of fine flavor, and warranted pure.
No. 26 Wood Street, Feb. 9. 1830—tf.

DOCTOR SELLERS.

OFFICE removed to Fourth street, No. 64, betwixt Wood and Market streets, and nearly opposite the New Branch Bank.

April 5, 1830.—tf

NEW LINE.

DAVID LEECH'S LINE of CANAL BOATS.

THE subscriber having fitted up several new Boats, for the reception of Freight and the accommodation of Passengers, has established a Line to run regularly between PITTSBURGH AND BLAIRSVILLE.

One of the Line Boats will start from Pittsburgh, on every *Monday, Wednesday,* and *Friday,* at 5 o'clock, P. M. and run through to Blairsville, (73 miles,) in 30 hours.

A Boat of this line will also leave Blairsville at the same time, and arrive in regular succession at Pittsburgh and Blairsville, (their respective places of destination,) on every *Wednesday, Friday,* and *Sunday,* at 7 A. M.

Freight, entrusted to this Line, will receive the utmost care and diligence; and every convenience and accommodation will be extended to Passengers.

☞ Freight (whole distance) 20 *cents per cwt.*

☞ Passengers 2 *cents per mile.*

For Freight or Passage, Apply to the respective Captains on Board, or to *Wm. Robinson, Jr.* Allegheny-town; to *Mark Graham*, at Blairsville, or to the subscriber at Leechburgh. D. LEECH.

October 30—tf.

FOR SALE,

SEVERAL LOTS on Grant's Hill, at the corner of High-street and Coal-lane, on which are two frame DWELLING HOUSES, each two stories high, and twenty feet front, and two extensive frame buildings suitable for manufacturing purposes.

Apply to Benjamin Darlington, Pittsburgh, No. 49 Market-street.

Sept. 29, 1829.—tf

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son*, a fresh supply of Book and News Ink, for winter and spring use, in kegs from 13 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
January 1, 1830.—tf

GABRIEL ADAMS,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL GROCER, Front, between Market and Wood streets, has received from the eastward, and by recent arrivals from New Orleans, a large and general assortment of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, which are offered for sale at the lowest market rates for cash or approved acceptances.

☞ *Whiskey, Flour, Scorched Salts, Rags, &c.* will be taken in barter at market prices.

April 21, 1829—tf.

THE subscribers have removed to that commodious WARE-HOUSE, No. 46, Wood street, corner of Third street, and are now opening a very choice and extensive assortment of

EUROPEAN, INDIA, AND AMERICAN,

DRY GOODS,

Selected the present month at New York and Philadelphia Auctions, which are offered by *wholesale*, at extremely low prices for *cash* or approved *notes*. Weekly supplies of the latest importations will be received, and possessing the advantage of a resident partner at Philadelphia, they confidently recommend their stock to *Country Merchants*, as being enabled to sell them on the most advantageous terms.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH.
Pittsburgh, April 2, 1830.—2m

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, to wit:

BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the twentieth day of March, in the fifty-fourth year of the Independence of the United States of America, A. D. 1830, *John M'Nevin*, of the said District, hath deposited in this office, the title of a Book, the right whereof he claims as Author and Proprietor, in the words following, viz:—"The American Accountant, or Merchant and Mechanic's Text Book, containing Lectures on Book-Keeping, wherein the theory and practice of the science are demonstrated in a familiar manner, with a variety of examples and rules, perfectly suited to the accountant, man of business, academies, schools, and young gentlemen desirous of becoming proficients in accounts. By J. M'Nevin, Teacher of the English Language and the Mathematics."—In conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled, "An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned:" and also to the Act entitled, "An Act supplementary to an Act, entitled, 'An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned,' and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, engraving, and etching historical and other Prints."

E. J. ROBERTS,
Cl'k of the West. Dist. of Pennsylvania.
March 23, 1830—tf.

B. DARLINGTON

HAS just received his spring supply of HARDWARE, comprising a very general assortment of shelf and coarse goods. Also, 100 dozen grass and corn SITHES, from different manufactories. Also, a fresh supply of double and single barrel PERCUSSION GUNS, warranted of the best English make, very low, Wholesale and Retail, at No. 49 Market Street.

March 26.—1mo.

FRESH GROCERIES.

O. O. GREGG,

No. 28 Water Street, has just received,

Prime Green and Java Coffee
Y. Hyson, Imperial and Gunpowder Tea
Loaf and Lump Sugars
Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, &c.
Oranges and Lemons
Box and Keg Raisins, Figs, &c.
Madeira, Port and other Wines
H. Gin, Brandy, Spirits, &c.
Superior Spanish Cigars
Ditto Spanish Seed ditto

ON CONSIGNMENT.

1,500 lbs. DRY HIDES
30 bbls. PECANS. March 23—tf.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission

WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER.
MARK GRAHAM.
Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

James Adams Jr. & Co. GROCERS.

MARKET, BETWEEN FRONT AND WATER STREETS.

HAVING taken that large and commodious Ware-House formerly occupied by *Ekin & Ledlie*, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they are just receiving and now offer for sale a choice selection of Groceries consisting of

Prime Green and Java COFFEE,
Y. Hyson, Imp'l. and Gunpowder TEA,
Pepper, Allspice, Cloves and Nutmegs,
Loaf and Lump SUGAR,
Benegal and Carracas Indigo,
Madder, Ginger, Rice &c.
Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Warranted Genuine Havana SEGARS, Flint's, Cabamas' & Dosamygos',
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES,
Brandy, H. Gin, Jamaica Spirits &c.
A few Gallons choice old champaigne Brandy of 1802.

All of which they will sell low for Cash or acceptances, either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Having made arrangements for a constant supply, they respectfully solicit Country Merchants and others to favor them with a call.

April 3, 1829—tf.

MAHY'S APPROVED PLASTER CLOTH,

Recommended by Dr. B. Rush, Dr. P. S. Physic, and the most eminent of the Faculty in the U. States.

THIS Plaster Cloth, has by its beneficial effect and surprising cures procured for it the approbation and recommendation of the most eminent of the faculty.

It is a sure and safe remedy for inveterate ulcers, all sores, wounds, boils, quinsy, scrofula, fistula, white swelling, cancers, sore breasts, sore legs, whitlows, felons, cuts, bruises, scalds, burns malengers of the negroes, pains in the breast, weakness of the joints, sprains, rheumatism, gout, pains and weakness in the back and loins. It is also successfully used for the cure of corns, frosted feet, dressing issues, &c. &c.

A bill of directions for using it, accompanies each plaster—small size 25 cents—middle do. 50 cents—large do. one dollar.—Liberal allowance made to those who buy to sell again.

⁂ For sale, wholesale and retail, at the proprietor's drug and family medicine warehouse, No. 137 and 133, N. E. corner of Second and Race-streets, Philadelphia, and by his agents in every principal city and town throughout the U. States.

Observe that each genuine plaster has the signature of the sole proprietor.

T. W. DYOTT, M. D.

A supply of the above medicine, just received and for sale, at the Wholesale and Retail Drug and Medical Warehouse, of

DR. G. DAWSON,
Wood-Street, Pittsburgh.
Feb. 23, 1830.—tf.

TO LET,

TWO WAREHOUSES, in Front Street, Nos. 68 and 80.

H. HOLDSHIP.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 22—tf.

SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

ALSO, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

Nov. 27—tf.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON, Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh
March 14.—tf.

MACHINE COTTON CARDS, No. 33.

9 COMPLETE SETS, 24 Inches.

100 Bales Prime ALABAMA COTTON.

For Sale by
ADAMS, ALLEN, & Co.
Sept. 11, 1829.—tf

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

REMOVAL.

J. HANSON, COMMISSION MERCHANT, has Removed to No. 41, (a commodious new Brick Warehouse, nearly opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel,) where he intends transacting a general

Commission Business,

and respectfully solicits public patronage. He has now on hand a great variety of

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE, &c &c.

Which, in order to close consignments, will be sold at Auction Prices for Cash.

ALSO, ON CONSIGNMENT,

50 barrels Prime Mackerel, of 1829
30 kegs Juniata Nails, assorted sizes
100 boxes 7-9, 8-10, 10-12, & larger Window Glass
30 boxes assorted Glassware
25 gro. superior Green Glass Porter Bottles
Spades, Shovels, Juniata and Common Iron
Steel; White Lead in *Oil;* Pipes, in 3 gr. boxes;

And a variety of other articles, which will be sold *low* for cash or approved acceptances.

BOOKS.

J. H. has also on hand the balance of extensive consignments of Historical, Law, MEDICAL, Theological, Miscellaneous, School and Blank Books, which he will continue for a short time to sell at Auction Prices.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 19—tf.

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful Tract of Land called FARM HILL, situated in Fayette township, Allegheny county, between the Noblestown road and Chartier's creek, about eight miles from Pittsburgh, containing THREE HUNDRED ACRES and allowance, about ninety acres of which are cleared.

On this place there is a good two story hewn log DWELLING HOUSE and KITCHEN, an excellent ORCHARD of Apple, Cherry and Peach Trees; a good Spring near the dwelling house, and an abundance of Stone Coal. That portion of the tract which is not cleared is remarkably well timbered.

If desired by a purchaser, possession could be given on the first day of November next.

For further information inquire of the subscriber, who lives near the place, or of Jacob Hanson, Auctioneer, in the City of Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM HERDMAN
June 23, 1829.—tf.

LOTS

In the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh.

FOR sale, upon accommodating terms, a number of valuable LOTS fronting on *Penn* and *Liberty* streets, in the *Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh*. These lots are upon the great thoroughfare to Philadelphia, and in the vicinity of the *Cotton Factories, Iron Works*, and other manufacturing establishments. A plan may be seen at the office of D. S. Scully, Esq. in the Diamond.

For terms apply to
HARMAR DENNY.
March 24, 1829.—tf.

TO LET.

A DWELLING HOUSE with or without the Store room in front. And also, a large Store or Warehouse on St. Clair street.

JOS. PATTERSON.
Feb. 5th, 1830.—tf.

PERCUSSION GUNS,

WARRANTED Genuine English make, for sale by S. FAHNESTOCK, Corner of Wood and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh.

February 16, 1830—t1M.

J. C. BUCKLES, Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.

December 21, 1827—tf.

FANCY LAMPS,

PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze* and *Or Moulu, Astral* and *Mantel Lamps*, from ten to thirty dollars per pair: PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set: together with their usual extensive assortment of *PLAIN, PREST, and CUT GLASS WARE,* OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;

Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

N. B. The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms, viz.

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d- Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron, —all sizes.
Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829—tf.

For Sale,

THE THREE STORY BRICK BUILDINGS on Third Street near the corner of Market, next door to the Grocery Store of Schweppe & Horner, having convenient back buildings for the accommodation of a family and Store, and being an eligible stand for business.

Apply to
GEO. COCHRAN of Rd.
Agent No. 26 Wood Street.
Pittsburgh June 12, 1829—tf.

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

The Western Farmers' Almanac

FOR THE YEAR 1830.

Being the ONLY Calculation by the Rev. JOHN TAYLOR.

ALSO,

A German Almanac,

(A continuation of Goeb's,)
WITH SAME CALCULATION.
The copyright of this calculation is secured.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
Pittsburgh, August 18, 1829.—tf

TO MANUFACTURERS, &c.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have their Machine Shop in complete operation; and having experienced workmen, they are prepared to build

WOOLLEN AND COTTON MACHINERY,

of every description, and of the most approved kind. They will build Woollen or Cotton Machinery to any pattern, to suit purchasers, and will warrant it to be equal in workmanship, and to perform as well as any that can be brought over the mountains, (New Jersey not excepted;) and they will furnish it at the eastern prices, which will be a saving to the purchaser who buys here, of the carriage, together with the necessary expenses attending transportation.

With a view to encourage our home manufactures, and to be encouraged, the terms of payment will be made accommodating.—Shearing Machines, Shear Blades, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Screw Plates and Taps, Governors for Engines, and Turning of every description, will be done to order at a short notice.

F. A. BEMIS & Co.
No. 24, Water Street, Pittsburgh.
Feb. 5, 1830—tf.

RHEUMATIC PAINS.

LUMBAGO, swelling and weakness of the joints, sprains, pains in the back, swelled face, stiffness of neck, chilblains, gout, cramp, rheumatism, &c. are all speedily and effectually cured, by the use of Dr. Robertson's celebrated

GOUT AND RHEUMATIC DROPS.

By applying these drops agreeably to the directions, which is simply to rub well the parts affected two or three times a day—also in cases where it is necessary to take internally from ten to fifteen drops on a lump of sugar, they seldom or ever fail to perform the effect desired—viz: that of a permanent cure in a very short time.

For sale wholesale and retail at the proprietor's drug and family medicine warehouse, N. E. corner of Second and Race-streets, Philadelphia—and retailed by his agents, and every principal druggist and vender of medicines throughout the United States.

☞Take notice that each bottle of genuine medicine has the signature of the sole proprietor.

T. W. DYOTT, M. D.

A supply of the above medicine just received and for sale at the Wholesale and Retail Drug and Medical Warehouse of DR. G. DAWSON, *Wood-Street, Pittsburgh.* Feb. 23, 1830.—tf.

Steam Boat Ruhamah,

WILL run as a Regular Packet, during the season, between Pittsburgh and Wheeling, twice a week. Leave Pittsburgh every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, passing Economy, Beaver, Wellsville, Steubenville and Wellsburgh the same evenings. Returning, leave Wheeling every Monday and Thursday, at 11 o'clock, A. M. passing Wellsburgh and Steubenville the same evenings, and Wellsville on Tuesday and Friday mornings, and Beaver and Economy on Tuesday and Friday afternoons. Jan. 8—tf.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale that valuable and well known property, adjoining the town of Noblestown, and distant 12 miles from the city of Pittsburgh.

There are in this tract of land 500 acres, 175 of which are cleared, and under good cultivation. It contains a fine meadow, and an excellent Apple Orchard, besides valuable coal banks and never failing springs of good water. As a stock farm, it has but few equals.

There are erected on this property the following buildings, viz:—A *Steam Grist Mill*, with two pair of French Burrs, and one pair of country stones, together with all the appurtenances necessary for doing merchant work on a large scale; a *Saw Mill* in good working order, which is propelled by water power; *three Dwelling Houses*, and *two Barns*. The above farm is intersected by good roads for transporting produce to a market either on the Ohio river or at Pittsburgh, and is in a wealthy neighborhood.

If this property be not sold together, it will be divided to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living in Pittsburgh.

SCUDDER HART.
Aug. 7, 1829.—tf.

PAPER HANGINGS.

THE subscribers having enlarged their *Paper Staining Establishment*, and procured some of the best workmen from the eastward, now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, *at the Philadelphia prices*, a choice assortment of

COMMON, GLAZED AND RAINBOW

PAPERS,

Of the latest patterns, and equal to any heretofore sold in this market; a constant supply of which, in all their varieties, with suitable borders, will be kept on hand.

Also on hand, a large assortment of FRENCH WALL PAPERS and

Velvet Bordering.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
Corner of Wood & Third Streets.
October 10—tf.

LOOK HERE.

A NUMBER OF LOTS FOR SALE, in the Borough of the Northern Liberties, adjoining Doctor Shoenberger's Iron Works; among which are, the first and best seat for a manufactory on the river bank, in the vicinity of the city.—For terms, (which will be low,) call on

THOMAS TAYLOR,
Market Street, Pittsburgh.
February 12.—1y.

HENRY JONES & CO.

No. 3, (Patterson's Row,) St. Clair Street,

HAVE for sale, of their own manufacture—

TABLE Diaper and Towels,
7-8 and 4-4 Bed Ticks, 6, 7 and 8 hundred,
3 and 4 qr. Checks, 7, 8, 9 and 10 hundred,
3 and 4 qr. Plaids and Stripes, 8, 9 and 10 do.
Wilmington and Jean Stripes 8 and 9 do.
Bleached Satteen Cord,
12 qr. square Counterpanes,
Steam Boat do
Eagle Coverlets.

All of which they will sell low for city acceptances or Cash.

Pittsburgh, June 26, 1829.—tf.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.
Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny-Town*

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER being engaged, nearly every month, in travelling through the Counties of Jefferson, Harrison, Columbiana, Tuscarawas, Wayne, Mansfield, Medina, Stark, and nearly all the Northern Counties of the State of Ohio, will undertake any business of a General Agency nature, committed to his care, with despatch and fidelity. Soliciting orders for merchants, or collection of accounts, will form a prominent feature in his business. Inquire of P. Leonard.

JOHN REECE, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

☞Respectable references can be given.

April 13.—3moT.

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of DOBBINS & ANSHUTZ, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. The books are left with J. Dobbins.

JAMES DOBBINS,
GEO. S. ANSHUTZ.
Pittsburgh, April 15, 1830.

JAMES DOBBINS,

HAT MANUFACTURER,

INFORMS his customers, and the public generally, that he has removed to No. 150 Third str't, between Smithfield and Grant str'ts, where he will be happy to supply those who will favor him with a call. To his former customers he tenders his thanks, and solicits a continuance of their patronage. N. B.—Hats made to order at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, April 20—3t.

TO LET,

IN Wood street, No. 132, A STORE ROOM, thirty-five feet deep by fourteen in width, with a cellar of the same dimensions, and a room on the second and third stories each, of thirty-three feet by thirteen. Possession will be given on the first of April. Inquire of JAMES R. SPEER,

Jan. 19—wtf. No. 130 Wood street.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS I have lately understood that a certain individual is now preparing and vending throughout the United States, AN IMITATION of my celebrated CATHOLICON, purporting to possess the same virtues, and as it is presumed it will be for sale in Pittsburgh, the public are particularly cautioned against purchasing it. It is supposed to be similar to the Rob of L'Affecteur, or Syrop de Cuisiner, which contains *corrosive sublimate*, and calculated to do much mischief. I trust the unsuspecting will be on their guard against these frauds, and purchase of no other person but DOCTOR GEORGE DAWSON, who is my *only* authorized *agent* in Pittsburgh, and from whom the GENUINE POTTER'S CATHOLICON can be had fresh from my factory at Philadelphia.

W. POTTER, *Ninth Street, Philadelphia.*

POTTER'S CELEBRATED CATHOLICON

Only $2 Per Bottle.

⁂ *The component parts of this medicine, are purely* VEGETABLE—*it is therefore one of the safest in the world!*

A SOVEREIGN REMEDY

In diseases of the Liver, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Debility resulting from Intemperance and Dissipation, Scrofula or King's Evil, Old and Inveterate Ulcers, Pains in the Bones, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Diseases of the Lungs, Syphilis, Blotches on the Face and Skin, White Swelling of the Joints, Tetter, Mercurial diseases, Piles, &c. &c.

The certificates of wonderful cures performed by the Catholicon, have become so numerous, as to preclude their insertion in any newspaper. The unrivaled and very extensive character which it has enjoyed, for the last six years, as a complete renovater, and *purifying* of the *blood and humors,* both in *Hospitals* and *Private Practice,* is a substantial basis for its future support. It has obtained its present great distinction by the extraordinary success which has attended it, in the Healing Art, while every avenue and every track have been searched in vain for its parallel; its discovery is one of the most sacred boons that can be afforded to the unfortunate martyr of disease—and it is most sincerely hoped, that the sympathy of the public will be aroused to the promulgation of its inestimable merits. The staunch and irresistible proofs of the value of Potter's *genuine* Catholicon—its healing powers—its usefulness as a general restorer of health. The citizens of Philadelphia alone could furnish thousands of witnesses to contradict the base and malicious fabrications which daily emanate from the *jealous.*

What, we would ask, can be a stronger proof of its great utility, than its success in the HOSPITAL, Philadelphia ALMS HOUSE, and the Philadelphia and New-York PENITENTIARIES? and in other public institutions alike servicable where the eminent skill which presides over them had been exhausted in vain.

"*These facts speak trumpet tongue*"—and *cannot be gainsaid.* It is much to be lamented that there are so many spurious mixtures manufactured in imitation of this invaluable medicine, some assuming to possess equal virtues and vended under the same title; others under different titles—some have gone to the daring extremity of refilling the old bottles with the labels on—whilst others, to filch the public, have published for their benefit the very *certificates* which the proprietor of the *genuine Catholicon* had obtained from those who were cured by his medicine, of various distressing diseases.

Thus has he been assailed in every form by envy, jealousy, and fraud; and thereby prevented extending the usefulness of this great and long wished for remedy.

JUST RECEIVED, direct from the manufactory of the proprietor, a fresh supply, of the *Genuine Potter's Catholicon*, and for sale at the Wholesale and Retail Drug, Medical and Chemical Warehouse of

Dr. G. DAWSON,
Wood street Pittsburgh.

Where also may be had, *Potter's "Treatise on the Catholicon,"* containing accounts of some of the remarkable cures performed by its use.

March 5, 1830.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE LANDS, late the property of John Way, Esq. deceased, are now offered *FOR SALE*, by the Executors, viz.

No. 25, Leet's District, of 200 acres, situated on the Ohio river, 20 miles from Pittsburgh. The road from Pittsburgh to Beaver passes through the improved part of this land, which abounds in coal and limestone.

No. 26, same district, adjoining No 25, containing 200 acres of first rate land, a large portion of river bottom. The road to Beaver also passes through this tract. These two tracts are first rate land, and from their situation on the road and river, must in a few years become valuable.

No. 249, Elder's district, 200 acres, situate in Armstrong county, on Buffalo Creek, about 5 miles from Kittanning, and 35 miles from Pittsburgh. On this tract, there is a salt well 300 feet deep, with other preparations for the manufacture of salt, and a good prospect of an abundant supply of salt water, and an inexhaustible bank of coal.

☞ For further particulars and terms of sale, apply to ABISHAI WAY, Merchant, Pittsburgh, or to NICHOLAS WAY, on the Beaver road, 13 miles from Pittsburgh.

December 15, 1826.—tf.

Poetry.

The following is a translation of a copy of verses entitled Les Conseils de la Sagesse, and composed by the amiable and illustrious M. de Fenelon, Bishop of Cambray. The original is rendered line for line, and nearly word for word; but the title is changed into

WISDOM'S ADVICE TO HER CHILDREN.

Give to your God what justly is his due:
Before an undertaking think anew:
Associate with the innocent and just;
In gifts and talents never place your trust;
Conform to others' lawful views and ways;
Kindly forego your own, when they displease;
When spoken to, attend with willing ear;
Seek not to cause your talents to appear;
Raise no one up above his sphere and state;
In your discourse be true, sincere, sedate;
Your word, when given, inviolate preserve;
In promising, use caution and reserve;
Be mild, obliging, affable and kind:
Courteous in access, carriage, air and mind;
Decide on nothing but with thought and case;
Love without interest; pardon without fear;
Submit to betters; do not mean appear;
Cherish with care the friendly heart of all;
Law-suits avoid, whatever else befall;
Seek not that others' cares to you be known;
With artless innocence conceal your own;
Lend with good grace, with judgment let it be;
If recompense is due, be generous and free:
Whate'er you do, whatever part you act:
Be prudent, self-respectful, and exact;
To others in disgrace compassion lend;
Bear their faults, and be a faithful friend;
Conquer chagrins, those tyrants of the heart,
Nor these your miseries to your friend impart;
Where discord reigns, bring unity among;
By deeds of kindness revenge a wrong;
Reprove with mildness, without flattery praise;
Enjoy a joke, and laugh with modest grace;
Give unto all th' esteem their state requires;
Never find fault from vainglorious desires;
Reproach no neighbor with a kindness shown;
But let your favors ever be unknown;
Prevent the misery of your friend in need:
Relieve with generous not with lavish aid;
Govern the transports of your rising ire;
Let nought but good of absentees transpire;
Ingratitude abhor; live soberly;
Play but for sport, and lose without a sigh;
Think much, say little, never use deceit;
Value each favor done you, small or great;
Treat not poor debtors with a lordly mien;
Be ever even-tempered and serene;
Look not with envy on your neighbor's weal;
Secrets confided to you ne'er reveal;
Of nothing boast; in secret joy and moan;
AND THINK, AND SPEAK, AND ACT FOR GOD ALONE.

SPANIARDS! YIELD NOT TO DESPAIR.

BY THOMAS PRINGLE.

Spaniards! yield not to despair;
Sink not, Portuguese, forlorn;
Wintry nights are worst to bear
Just before the break of morn.

Though down-trampled in the dust
By the traitor's cruel heel,
Mankind's cause ye hold in trust—
Yield it not for rack or wheel.

Hunted from your native strand
By the blood-hounds Hate and Fear,
Sink not yet, high-hearted band,
Your redemption draweth near.

Lo! yon perjured caitiff slaves,
While they clench their country's chain,
Tremble even amidst the graves
Of the victims they have slain.

Let them tremble!—they have cause
Loudest when they rant and boast;
Freedom on her march may pause,
But her battle ne'er is lost.

Though the serviles' bitter taunt
Sting you like a viper foul,
Though Despair and Furies gaunt,
Like hyænas round you howl—

Though your dearest blood may flow
On the scaffold or the plain—
Though your bravest be laid low
Ere their country rise again—

Ne'er in vain the patriot dies—
Pours he not life's fountain free
Servile millions to baptise
Proselytes of Liberty!

Spaniards! yield not to despair;
Sink not, Portuguese, forlorn;
Wintry nights are worst to bear
Just before the break of morn.

Miscellany.

THE SLAVE.

BY ROBERT DALE OWEN.

Disguise thyself as thou wilt, still, Slavery, still thou art a bitter draught! And though thousands in all ages have been made to drink of thee, thou are not the less bitter on that account.—STERNE.

In the fertile and pleasant island of Martinique, there lived, about thirty years ago, a rich planter, named Monsieur Haima. Possessed of a princely fortune, gifted with a polished address and a mild and friendly character, he was one of the most influential colonists on the island. His plantations were numerous and flourishing, and he was master of many hundred slaves, whom he usually treated with humanity and gentleness.

To one of these, a young colored man, he accorded the most implicit confidence. Antoine (for that was his name) was a slave in nothing but the name. He had but to express a wish, and it was gratified. His master made him general overseer of his property, and manager of his affairs; and Antoine might be seen mounted on a superb charger, with silver bit and spurs, the adopted son, it seemed, rather than the servant, of the opulent planter.

M. Haima's possessions consisted, besides his landed property and slaves, in large droves of mules, and numerous herds of oxen. He had been, for a long period, fortunate in his stock, which increased year by year. At last a mortality appeared among his mules and he lost a considerable number, both of these and of oxen. A few of his negroes, too, died suddenly, and the nature of the disease which carried them off did not appear to be understood.

The next year the mortality continued, apparently with increasing virulence. The negroes died in numbers, and among the rest the parents and most of the relations of Antoine fell victims to an unknown disorder. The ablest physicians on the island were consulted, and several of them gave it as their opinion that the mortality was caused by poison.

The third year it raged to a frightful extent.—Men, women, and children, as well as cattle of every kind, died daily, until this mysterious calamity seemed to threaten M. Haima with the loss of his entire property. The symptoms of poison were now too evident to be mistaken; but who could have conceived and executed so frightful a revenge remained unknown, and even unsuspected. M. Haima had always lived on the most friendly terms with his neighbors; scarcely any man had made fewer enemies than he; and no one could imagine the cause of an animosity so persevering and so fatal.

One day, when the mortality was at its height, several friends of M. Haima called to consult and condole with him. "Let me advise you," said one of them, "to apply to the sorceress who lives at the foot of the mountains."

"What?" said Haima in surprise, "old Catiche? You do not suspect me of lending credit to the foolish stories which are circulated and believed among the slaves, of her supernatural powers?"

"By no means. But a character like hers is seldom acquired without some foundation. Do not imagine that I give her more credit than yourself for powers of witchcraft. But for shrewdness and sagacity I do give her credit. By her spies or otherwise, she obtains information regarding even the most secret doings of her neighbors; scarce a whisper can be spoken but it comes to her ears; and if any one can inform you who is your secret enemy, it is old Catiche."

Haima recurred next day to his friend's advice. "I shall be a beggar," thought he, "if this mysterious mortality continues much longer. And after all, a wise man may profit, even by the superstitions of fools. At all events, I cannot lose much from the trial." So he mounted his horse, and rode unattended to the hut of the sorceress.

She sat in its furthest corner, muffled in a huge blanket, and muttering unintelligibly to herself, and did not, by word or gesture, intimate her recognition of the planter as he entered. He seated himself by her, and inquired if she could throw any light on the cause of his late misfortunes.

"How should I?" returned the hag in her sharpest key, "how should a poor old creature like me know any thing of such doings?"

Haima repressed his impatience while he replied: "I do not suppose, as many do, Catiche, that you have other means to obtain information than any one else might have with the acquaintance and opportunity. But you do know almost every thing that passes in the Island."

"And if I cannot speak with spirits, why do you come to me, when you have your own eyes and ears, and can use them as well as I can?"

The planter was little accustomed to be teased or contradicted; but this was not a moment to resent the old woman's peculiar temper. He drew a couple of gold pieces from his pocket, and as he put them in her withered hand, he said, "Catiche, I have not time to argue with you. Tell me, if you can tell me, who it is that poisons my slaves and my cattle."

The old woman looked at the gold, cast a searching glance round the room, and then, approaching her lips close to the planter's ear, she pronounced in a low whisper, the name of—"Antoine!"

"How!" said Haima, out of all patience, 'him whom I have treated as a son, and loaded with benefits! You rave.—What are your proofs?"

But Catiche remained obstinately silent; and not another word could the planter draw from her.—So he was forced to take his leave, very little satisfied with his visit.

"I told you how it was," he replied to his friend's inquiry regarding his success. "The old fool knows nothing of the matter; and, out of envy, for aught I know, or for want of some one else to accuse, she lays the blame on poor Antoine. But I merited no better answer for my folly in going to consult the sorceress."

"Be advised," rejoined his friend. "Catiche is well informed regarding all that passes on our plantations; and she would not hazard such an assertion without good reason. You have unlimited confidence in Antoine, but see that it is not misplaced: he has opportunities enough, if he be so disposed, to do you this injury."

"But how could he be so disposed? I have shown him more favor than to any one else on the plantation. He has whatever he asks or wishes for. Interest, if not gratitude, would make him regard my welfare as his own."

"Well," said his friend, do not trust too much to probabilities. Order Antoine to be seized; tell him that all his villainy is discovered, and see how he will conduct himself."

M. Haima was exceedingly loth to agree to a proposal which seemed to cast an unjust imputation on his favorite; but at last his friend's repeated representations induced him to adopt it.

Antoine was manacled and brought before him. He uttered no word of complaint; yet neither did he evince any signs of trepidation or guilt. His master already began to repent the course he had adopted; and as he looked on Antoine's steady eye and collected demeanor, he found no little difficulty in acting the part he had so unwillingly consented to assume.

"It is you, then," at last he said, "who have been my secret enemy, who have wantonly destroyed my property, and all but effected my ruin."

"I! Monsieur Haima?"

"Yes, you. Disguise is no longer necessary. All your plots are discovered. Every thing is known to me except the motive that could have induced one on whom I have conferred such benefits, to act the serpent towards his protector and benefactor."

Antoine was silent; but a slight, scarcely perceptible, yet contemptuous curl of the upper lip, aroused his master's suspicions, and determined him to follow up the examination, in a similar tone.

"I treated you with the care and confidence of a father. I distinguished you above all your companions; and you have abused my favor—repaid my kindness with the blackest treachery. You have plotted, and but too successfully effected, a revenge, such as the cruelest mind conceives against its bitterest enemy."

Antoine still remained silent; but the kindling, almost exulting expression of his eye, confirmed all Haima's surmises.

"Antoine," he continued with increasing emotion, "have I merited this at your hands? Have I given cause for such deadly revenge? Interest, if not gratitude, might surely have secured your fidelity. What was wanting to your comfort and happiness? Say! what could you wish for, that you did not possess?"

"My liberty!" said the African, in a tone of mingled pride and bitterness.

"And did I not grant you more than every thing which liberty could have afforded you?"

"I was your slave." And Antoine drew up his tall and handsome form to its full height, and clenched the manacles that bound his hands, as if he would crush the chain in his grasp.

"Wretched man!" said his master, as a conviction of the truth at last settled on his mind.—"These, then are your motives! But your own father and mother—your nearest relations?"

"Had I not poisoned them, I should myself have been suspected."

"Good God!" exclaimed the planter. "And this is the man I had treated as my own child, and to whom I had confided all I possess!"

"He was but a part of your property," said the slave with a scornful smile.

"Do you feel no compunction—no remorse for the multiplied and ungrateful crimes you have committed?"

"None."

"Had I ever given you the shadow of a cause complain of my conduct towards you?"

to "Never."

Antoine was forthwith conducted to prison, tried and executed. He died tranquilly.

Haima's fellow planters, as the story circulated among them, moralized on the danger of evincing partiality to a slave, and bade their overseers double their vigilance and increase their severity. While the philosopher and the friend of freedom thence deduced, with greater reason, a striking argument against slavery itself, be its form what it may.

I have not related a tale of fancy. I hold the above facts from a French gentleman who resided on the island at the time they happened, who was personally acquainted with M Haima, and who had seen the high spirited and misguided Antoine in the height of that favor and prosperity, which could not weigh with him against the name of—SLAVE.

EDINBURGH POLICE.

The Dumfries Courier tells the following story:—Among the numerous students that flock to Edinburgh, are two young men from our own town, who, in November last, suspended their labors in a writer's office here to attend the Professor of Scots Law. Friends, though absent, should not be forgotten; and accordingly, about the middle of January, their relatives despatched two thumping geese, to enable them to make merry like other people. "A penny saved, is a penny got," and, acting on this wise maxim, the youths, in place of hiring a street porter, thought there would be no great harm in repairing after dark to the Grass Market and carrying home their present themselves.—Accordingly they did so, paid the carrier his dues, found their way up the West Bow, and were proceding by the Mound to Rose or Thistle street, when a mischievous imp, in the shape of a boy, espied amidst the dim gas light, something peering from under a napkin, which to his lively fancy looked very like the legs and feet of a new born infant. In an instant the hue and cry was raised; "Resurrectionists! body snatchers! Burke them! Burke them!" were echoed from a score of voices at once: and before our townsmen had proceeded many paces, they were stopped, surrounded, and more rudely treated than ever they had been in their lives before.—Popular folly effervesces like gingerbread, and subsides as quickly; and while "declamation roared, and reason slept," their feeble attempts at explanation were no more attended to than a whisper in a storm. At length the guardians of the night interfered, and with the humane view of protecting the accused, and soothing their accusers, hurried them off to the police office. The crowd increased in density as they moved along, and besieged in such numbers the official abode of the arbiters of rows, brawls, &c., that to clear a path for them became, nearly as difficult as cutting the giant wreaths on Errickstane-brae. The man in authority surveyed the lads narrowly, wiped his spectacles, and looked very grave, when he contrasted the charge brought against them with their youthful, innocent, and respectable appearance. After a few questions, which were answered satisfactorily, the *corpus delicti* was produced and examined; and how shall we paint what ensued, when, in place of the remains of some unfortunate infant, two as beautiful geese, plucked, plump, and ready for the spit, were tumbled out, one after the other, as ever graced a police or any other table. The whole scene was changed in a moment; the accused stood triumphant, their accusers confounded; and persons who previously appeared possessed, and exhibited much of the fury of demons, were transformed in a twinkling into the picture of laughter, holding "both his sides." The superintendent rebuked the ringleaders for their officiousness, and cautioned them against disturbing the lieges in future; but his words were in a great measure thrown away, and not a few, as they retired abashed from the spot, were heard exclaiming, "Did ye ever see aught like that afore? It maun be a queer bit that Dumfrie; and if a' the geese be as big as yon anes, wi' legs sae white and weel pooket, it's nae wonder they're mista'en for lifted bairns."

The Augsburgh Gazette contains a letter enumerating the tribute paid by the different Governments to the Dey of Algiers. The two Sicilies pay an annual tribute of 24,000 double piastres, and besides, make presents to the value of 20,000 double piastres. Tuscany, in pursuance of a treaty concluded in 1823, is not subject to any tribute, but to a consular present of 25,000 double piastres. Sardinia, in consequence of the mediation of England, is free from tribute, but pays a considerable sum on the occasion of every change of Consul.—The States of the Church are indebted to the protection of France for their exemption from tribute or consular present. Portugal has concluded a treaty with Algiers on the same terms as the Two Sicilies. Spain pays no tribute, but makes a present on each change of Consul. Austria has been exempted, through the mediation of the Ottoman Porte, from the payment of tribute or consular presents. England is subject to a present of £6000 on each change of Consul, notwithstanding the conditions dictated in 1816 by Lord Exmouth. Holland, that in 1816 assisted in the bombardment of Algiers, was included in the stipulations of the treaty, and at present pays no tribute; for that reason the Dey seeks for a rupture with that power. The United States of America, in virtue of a treaty concluded some time after that of England, have obtained the same arrangement as the latter power. Hanover and Bremen, through the protection of England, have adopted the same conditions, but their Consuls, on arriving at Algiers, pay considerable sums. Sweden and Denmark pay an annual tribute, consisting of naval and war stores, to the value of nearly 4,000 double piastres. In addition, the above States pay on the renewal of their treaties, that is to say every ten years, a present of 10,000 double piastres, and their Consuls, on entering upon their functions, make presents to the Dey. It is to be remarked that the Algerine Government, by way of compensation for concessions to certain secondary States, studiously brings about differences with them, the invariable result of which is a new treaty necessitating fresh presents, or a change of Consuls, which amounts to the same thing. Although France, according to the letter of her treaty, is not subject to any tribute, she has hitherto adhered to the custom of making presents to the States of Barbary whenever she sends out a new Consul.

Port Gibson, March 20.—An awful occurence, and one which affords an unerring index to the ultimate end of vice, took place at Chittaloosa, on Wednesday night last. A robber, in attempting to enter the store of Messrs. C. and A. Haring, received a stab in the breast, from Mr. A. Haring, who was in the store, and died in a few minutes. He had loosened the window shutter, raised the sash, and extended his body half into the store, and was in the act of turning round a desk to rifle it of its contents, when he received the blow. He instantly fled, but fell dead after running about twenty paces. He is a stranger, probably from the upper country, and had nothing with him by which his name could be discovered. He was armed with a loaded pistol, which was stuck in a handkerchief tied round the outside of his dress; and in his pocket was a bunch of keys, of different sizes and forms. He evidently intended to effect his object even at the price of blood; but by the decree of a just Providence, that which was intended for others has been visited on himself: and he has probably paid the penalty of a life of crime, in which murder and robbery perhaps have been often committed. His account is closed with this earth; he has gone to settle with offended heaven.

The Mahor.—The mahor, or wild cotton-tree, grows in Cuba to a vast size.—There is one, on an estate called Santa-Anna, a hundred feet high. Its trunk, which is forty-six and a half in circumference at the base, rises to sixty-five feet, without a single branch or knot on its white bark.—The branches are worthy of the stem, and cover a diameter of a hundred and sixty-five feet. This immense tree is in itself a world, and shelters and feeds millions of insects. Several parasitical plants attach themselves to it. Wild pine apples grow at the top, and the vine vegetates on the boughs, and, letting its branches droop to the earth, furnishes rats, mice, and the opposum, which would find it difficult to climb a smooth bark, a ladder, enabling them to reach the pine-cups, which form so many natural reservoirs for the rain water. The woodlouse founds extensive republics in this tree, and establishes its large and black cities at the juncture of some of the branches, whence it descends to the ground by a covered way, which it constructs of mortar, and of which it even provides two—one to ascend, and the other to descend by. This little insect is of the size of a flea, is inoffensive, and is a great treat to the inhabitants of the poultry-yard, to whom it is given in its nest.—*English Paper.*

Foreign News.

From the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, April 17.

VERY LATE FROM ENGLAND.

We are indebted to Capt. Chadwick, of the ship Jubilee, which arrived this morning in a remarkably short passage from Liverpool, for papers of that city to March 29, and London to the 28th, both inclusive.

The following notice of a motion was given by Mr. Huskisson in the House of Commons, on the 25th, for Tuesday, April 27, "That a Select Committee be appointed to inquire into the banking system of the country, with reference to the renewal of the charter of the Bank of England."

LONDON, March 27.

In the House of Commons, last night, Mr. Goulburn brought forward his proposition for the reduction of the interest on the four per cents. The plan of the Finance Minister upon this subject is already before the public, and Mr Goulburn, in calling the attention of the House to the mode of carrying it into effect, merely recapitulated that plan. He observed, that the state of the country being such as would admit of this measure being adopted—a measure by which a saving to the public of £778,000 annually would be effected—it was the duty of Ministers to take advantage of circumstances, and by so doing afford relief to the country to that amount. In stating that Government proposed to give to the holders of the new four per cent. for every £100 of that stock £100 three and a half per Cent. Stock, which was at present at 99½, he also gave a pledge that no further reduction should be made in this stock for ten years to come. The right honorable gentleman was interrogated by Mr. Bernal and other honorable members, as to the mode which he intended to adopt of paying off the dissentients, should there be any; but this question Mr. Goulburn declined answering at present. Not the slightest opposition was, however, made to the proposition. The resolution moved by Mr. Goulburn was adopted by the House, without dissent; and we believe the country at large are fully satisfied with the measure, as one of retrenchment.

His Majesty's Steam Packet Meteor, has arrived at Falmouth from the Mediterranean, with the extraordinary late dates of the 3d inst. from Corfu; the 7th from Malta; the 16th from Gibraltar; and the 18th from Cadiz. This is the first attempt on the part of the post office establishment, to establish a steam communication with the British possessions in the Mediterranean, and it has proved completely successful. The time occupied by the steamer in going up and down the Mediterranean, was three weeks, which passage usually occupies from seven to eight weeks, and this was in the face of two severe gales blowing contrary, and also of being obliged to put into Cadiz in search of coal, which not being obtained, the roots of olive trees were taken on board as a substitute, after a delay of forty hours. The commander estimates that the voyage may be calculated at not exceeding a fortnight upon the average. The shipping and Mercantile interests have been much gratified at this successful attempt; and it is now supposed that it will be generally established by the Government. Some very severe weather has been experienced at Gibraltar. The Agent to Lloyds' writes that on the 12th of February, very boisterous gales were experienced, by which several vessels were stranded; and at Algesiras also, its effects were severely felt, a number of craft being driven on shore there.

From the N. Y. Mercantile Advertiser, April 19.

STILL LATER.

We are indebted to Captain Delano, of the packet ship Columbia, which left Portsmouth at noon of the 1st April, for the London Courier of the 31st March; and to T. W. C. Moore, Esq. of this city, a passenger, for the Times of the same date.

Parliament was engaged on the 29th and 30th in debates on the Corn Laws, and the reciprocity treaty lately concluded with Austria, extracts from which we give below. The Paris papers of 29th have been received. The expedition against Algiers under Gen. Bourmont, was expected to be ready by the 15th. The Dauphin would proceed to Toulon to superintend the embarkation of the troops. The French will probably meet with a warm reception, as the Dey's fortresses have been rendered impregnable by European engineers.—His army of observation consists of 85,000 men, 30,000 drilled in European tactics. The Algerines, it is said, were full of spirits, and speak of the conduct of the Turks at Acra as proof of their ability to cope with the sabre against the bayonet, with any troops. The Dey says in case of attack he will send the women into the interior, take in two years provisions into the city, and defy the whole power of France.

Up to the last accounts negotiations were going on in France for the re-entry of M. de Villele into the Ministry. The Quotidienne was in his favor, and the Gazette de France opposed; but the latter, in reply to an intimation that it had threatened to attack the Ministry if Villele should join it, states that it would not. The Ministers were making preparations for a new election of Deputies, *when the present Chamber shall have been dissolved, which it doubtless will be*, and they calculate on a more "royalty return" than even in 1827. Dismissals of Councillors of State, Prefects, &c. were in contemplation, preparatory to the election.—"The present Ministry," says the London Times of 31st March, "are determined to make no concessions—they are resolved to grant no commissions of inquiry, either commercial, legal, or political—they regret that the schools of the Jesuits have been suppressed, and the small ecclesiastical seminaries regulated. They would have resisted the laws of the press, and the regulation for securing the purity of the electoral lists."

The Spanish expedition against Mexico consists of one ship *of the line*, and *one regiment of* 1400 men!

M. Zebuada, the Minister of Central America to Great Britain had given notice that the *Poyais* territory, which it was said would be colonized by Europeans, was the property of Guatemala, and that that Government will not allow any such speculations to be carried into effect.

Mr. Callaghan had been elected a member of Parliament from Cork, by a majority of 16 votes over Mr. Newenham.

Accounts from Constantinople, of 26th February, represent that the Russians were preparing to move behind the Balkan. The Pacha of Egypt was on the best terms with the Porte; he would not join the French against Algiers, but was strengthening his army and navy. The second indemnity due the Russian merchants had been paid by the Porte, with a large deduction in consequence of the punctuality of the Porte, and the influence of Halil Pacha at St. Petersburgh.

The Courier Francais contains a long article upon the origin of the claims of America upon France, and the different negotiations set on foot to obtain their payment. The subject was fully laid before our readers in the Messenger, soon after our report of President Jackson's Message, in which reference was made to it. The Courier concludes by making the extraordinary assertion that "the English Government has endeavored to persuade the Cabinet of Washington to claim, and that of the Tuilleries to refuse payment. It does not seem to have changed this double line of policy. Its interest leads it to prevent an intimacy between France and North America. It knows that in the event of a rupture with us, we should acquire in the United States an ally most formidable to England. Perhaps this foresight on the part of the English Cabinet ought to enlighten ours; and make it feel that, in the case of such a rupture, France would be obliged to keep the alliance of the Americans, by then paying a debt which it refused to acknowledge from a sentiment of equity."

SELECTIONS FROM FOREIGN PAPERS.

Shocking Execution.—In the place Dauphin, close to the Pont Neuf, at Paris, I saw two men broke upon the wheel. This shocking sight took place about nine in the evening. It was in the month of September, 1775, and being dark, each of the soldiers placed around the *chafaud* (scaffold) about eight feet from the ground, had a flambeau in his hand. There were the *Marechaux* on horseback. Having secured a place at one of the windows on the first floor, and facing the stage, I had a full view of the frightful ceremony. There were two culprits. They were previously before Notre Dame, on their way from the Chatelet, (prison,) where one of them, who had murdered his father, was to have his right hand cut off. After the son had ascended the stage, (his hand in a bag,) in his shirt, and a label on the breast, written "parricide," the other followed. As the latter was the accomplice only, he suffered first; the other was purposely left to see the tortures inflicted. There were two planks placed crosswise, like a St. Andrew's cross laid flat on the ground. The *bourreau*, well dressed, with his *couteau de chasse* by his side, after placing him on his back, with his legs and arms extended, stood over him with an iron bar, rather longer than a poker, and gave him two blows on each arm, the same on the thighs and legs, finishing with the *coup de grace*, when he soon after expired. His shrieks at each stroke were dreadful, diminishing from the first, as if modulating the tones of an octave. As the executioner gave the two last, the groans were scarcely audible, and made every one shudder.

Now came the other's turn, and he was not spared with the *coup de grace*. This last ceremony was the same as the former, except the finishing stroke. At the corner of the stage was placed a pole, about four feet high, and on it was the forewheel of a coach; when he was removed from the cross, his back was placed on the centre, and his broken legs and arms were twisted round the spokes; a Friar, sitting on a high stool, received his head upon his lap, at the same time holding the crucifix before him. During this latter ceremony he must have been senseless from the excruciating tortures he had suffered. After some time had elapsed, on his recovering, he called out for something to drink, and still, during the space of an hour, was heard "a boire, a boire!" At last some water was given to him. At eleven, on leaving the place, his groans, and the horrid spectacle I had beheld, haunted me the remainder of the night. I was told the next morning, when I returned to the place of execution, that as his feverish agonies increased, his impatience for water was such, that, on being refused, he began to vent curses on his father and mother, when, it was supposed, the Priest put an end to his wicked imprecations by throttling him with his finger and thumb. A few embers only were remaining in the place, as he had been previously burnt, according to the sentence passed upon him. He was a tall, handsome young man, about five and twenty, and was considered the first rough rider in Paris. He had quarrelled with his father about his mistress, who had led him into dissipation; and his parent refusing him money, he prevailed on his friend to assist him in the assassination.

Lord Torrington, on presenting a petition from Tonbridge, stated "that there was great and almost incredible distress in that part of Kent in which he resides, and which is called the Garden of Kent;" and that in the parish of Mareworth, in which he resided, "there were 2,200 acres, of which about 1,000 were wood land, and land of little value; the rental was £1,668; the poor rates, highway rates, &c. were £1,251, and the poor rates on the tithes were £372, making a total of £1,623, being within £45 of the rent. The whole population of the parish was 755, and the number of persons residing within the parish who received relief, was 323, residing out of the parish, 133, making a total of 456 persons who received relief."

According to recent calculations of different authors, the proportion of persons of unsound to people of sound mind, in the undermentioned places, is as follows:—In London, one in 600; in Paris, one in 350; in Scotland, one in 400; throughout England and Wales, one in 2,000. In the state of New York, the population of which amounted in 1825 to 1,616,458 inhabitants, the number of lunatics is reckoned at 819; that of idiots at 1421, making about one of unsound to 720 of sound mind. The general proportion of cures in the hospitals for lunatics, in the different countries, is estimated at 44,81 to the hundred in France, 37,40 to the hundred in England, and 41,30 to the hundred in the United States of America.—*Globe.*

For several years past two females considerably advanced in life, were inmates of the workhouse at Shoreditch. Both had seen happier days, and once moved in respectable society; but, owing to a reverse of fortune, were at last obliged to become parish paupers. Having been intimate in the days of their prosperity, when they entered the workhouse kindred misfortunes produced a corresponding attachment between them, and they were noticed by all around them for the friendship that connected them together. For some time past one of them appeared evidently hastening to "that country from whose bourne no traveller returns," and the approaching separation seemed plainly to afflict her companion. On Friday last the invalid requested her companion to read a portion of the Bible—a request with which she immediately complied. She sat down by the side of the bed, and, after reading a few minutes was observed to lay her head on the pillow, close to that of her friend. One of the inmates of the same ward, thinking she was exhausted, went to the bed, and, receiving no answer to her calls, informed the master of the workhouse, who hastened up and examined them, when he found the vital spark had fled from both. They appeared to have expired at the same moment!

An immense Russian and Tartar caravan, consisting of no less than 843 camels, laden with merchandise to the amount of 800,000 roubles, set off a short time ago from Oremberg on its way to the frontiers of China.

It appears from a Parliamentary return, that the number of steam vessels employed in the United Kingdom, between January 1828, and January 1829, was 342; the total tonnage of which was upwards of 30,000 tons: the number of men employed was 2731.—*Herald.*

The landed estate of Prince Borghese in Italy, extends over no less than 800 square leagues, and comprises two millions of inhabitants.

M. Alexis Mauroff, a Russian gentleman, declares that after 21 years close application, he has discovered an easy method of finding the equations of every degree. He has carried it already as far as the 11th, and is confident that it will be applicable to every other.

A mechanic of Naples, named Maggio, has invented a method of constructing carriages so as to preserve their horizontal position in going down hills, however steep they may be.

Capital punishment has just been abolished in Egypt for all but political offences, and robberies committed by the *Kophtes*, or persons filling high posts. Even murders and forgeries are no longer liable to death, in lieu of which has been substituted hard labor in the arsenal of Alexandria, for ten, twenty, or thirty years, or for life.

Improvement of Trade.—Speaking of the debate which took place in the House of Commons on the 16th, on the state of the country, the London Courier says:—

"We have the testimony of Mr. Irving, a gentleman whose commercial pre-eminence will not be disputed, that, in nearly all the great branches of manufacturing and mercantile industry, an activity gradually increasing is to be found. The silk trade has not, for the last seven years, been in a better condition; in cotton, the importation of the raw material had doubled within ten years, and the manufactured article was increased in due proportion; the same proportion applied to the prices of each. The state of trade in the port of London, as compared with the corresponding period of the last year, showed an improvement on the three great staples of cotton, coffee, and sugar, of 20, 50, and 27 per cent. respectively."

In Austria, confectioners have just been prohibited to color their sweetmeats with any ingredients that may be injurious to the health. The same regulation extends to toys, as children are apt to put them to their mouths. [A wholesome law.]

A woman, named Carre, was tried lately at Paris, for usury. She exercised her industry among Market Women, and procured herself an interest of 120 per cent. per annum! She was condemned to a fine of 500 francs.

An association has been formed in Holland for draining the celebrated Lake of Haarlem. It covers 50,000 acres, and was produced by an inundation two centuries ago.

We are apprised to-day, (says the London Courier of the 17th March,) that the disasters at Vienna, from the inundation of the Danube, are far greater than was stated in the first accounts. The suburbs under water were so extensive as to contain 50,000 inhabitants; in addition to which the level country, on the north side of the river, was overflowed, and presented the appearance of a vast lake, the villages being recognised only by their churches, their spires, and the roofs of their houses. The rise of the water was so sudden that many families were surprised by it in their beds, and escaped only by repairing hastily to the upper part of the houses. In the cottages this resource was not always attainable, and the loss of lives, computed at first at 200, is, we fear, far greater.

Alexandria, in Egypt.—The number of vessels which arrived at Alexandria in the year 1829, was 909; in 1828, the arrivals were 891; in 1827, they were 605. Of the arrivals last year, 361 were Austrian vessels, 1 American from Smyrna, 4 Danish, 44 French, 200 English and Ionian, 8 Dutch, 32 Papal, 1 Russian, 135 Sardinian, 19 Sicilian, 3 Spanish, 13 Swedish, and 26 Tuscan. Is it not remarkable that among so many foreign vessels there should be but one American!—Most of the voyages were from the Archipelago, or from Turkish ports.

A young man is now living at Seville who is quite blind during the day, and cannot walk the streets without a guide, but who can see perfectly well at night when it is nearly dark, so as to be able to read the smallest character.

It is an acknowledged fact, that the Jewish nation have among their own body more charitable foundations than any other class of persons, and that the distressed members of its community are never known to apply for parochial or any other relief. We are led into these remarks from our having last evening attended a ball given at the City Concert Rooms, by a committee of gentlemen of that persuasion, the funds of which were to be applied in aid of a charitable institution, and after a very eloquent address from a gentleman, whose name did not reach us, the proceeds were voted to the Society for the relief of the indigent blind of the Jewish persuasion, and a handsome collection was made in aid of the funds of that most benevolent institution.—*London paper.*

A scientific correspondent, on the subject of steam carriages, writes as follows:—"A patent has been taken out for a new power, derived from a compound of sulphur, charcoal, and two other ingredients, which are not named, from which a vapor of such great force and quantity is obtained, that a tea-spoonful of fluid heated to 100 degrees less than boiling water, will give sufficient to raise a ton of water. The patentee of this discovery has made several experiments, from which it would appear that a very small boiler would be sufficient to impel a carriage of considerable weight, and that no addition to the fuel or fluid that yields the vapor would be required during a very long journey, as the vapor does not escape, but repeats its work several times, passing to and from the same cylinder. The patentee is a gentleman of high rank in the army, and is not likely to have deceived himself as to the capabilities of his new power; but the thing seems so extraordinary that one cannot but be sceptical until it is seen in actual operation.—*Dublin Jour.*

Cloth made from Moss Crop.—Mr. Helliwell, of Greenhurst Hey, near Todmorden, has manufactured a beautiful cotton russet cloth, and also yarn for stockings, from the wool produced by the moss crop plant found upon his estate there. This plant grows principally on the highest and most useless land in the kingdom, and consists of two kinds—the common moss crop, or single-headed cotton grass, or horse-tail rush, which flowers the second year, and the narrow-leaved cotton grass or moor-grass, or many-headed cotton grass; both perennial plants, and from the latter of which the cloth and yarn were manufactured. It is supposed that on many parts of Stansfield Common, near Todmorden, even in its uncultivated state, there might be from two to three hundred weight produced upon an acre, and that the cost would not exceed 2d to 3d a lb. Specimens of the yarn and cloth have been sent to us, and the cloth is remarkably firm and beautiful. —*Leeds Mercury.*

PITTSBURGH BANK-NOTE EXCHANGE.

CORRECTED semi-monthly, at N. Holmes' Exchange Office, No. 33 Market Street.

Pennsylvania.		*District Columbia*, gen.	½
U. S. Bank & bran.	par	*Michigan*, $5 & upw.	3
Philadelphia Banks	do	*New York.*	
Bank of Pittsburgh	do	City Banks	1
Easton	do	Troy and Albany	2
Germantown	do	Mohawk Bk. Schen.	do
Erie	1	Newburgh	do
Montgomery county	par	Orange county	do
West Chester	do	Catskill	do
Farmers' Bk. Lanc.	do	Auburn	do
Harrisburgh	do	Geneva	do
Bucks county	do.	Centr. Bk. Cher. Val.	do.
Lancaster Bank	½	Chenango	do
Northampton	½	Utica Bk. & branches	do
York Bank	½	Ontario Bk. at Utica	do
Chambersburgh	1½	do. at Canandaigua	do
Greensburgh	unc	Rochester	do
Brownsville	½	Niagara Bank	no sale
Gettysburgh	½	*Georgia.*	
Susquehanna Br. Co.	½	St. Bks. gen. $5 & up.	4½
Farmers' Bk. Read'g	½	*Maryland.*	
Ohio.		Baltimore City Bks.	par
$5 and upwards		George's county	½
All under	1	Annap. & br. Easton	do
Bank of Steubenville	½	Fredk. co. Hav. de Gra.	do
Canton	2	Westminster	do
F. & M. B'k of Steub.	½	Hagerstown	do
Mount Pleasant	½	Williamsport	do
Western Reserve	½	*New Jersey.*	
St. Clairsville	½	St. Bk. at N. Brunsw.	1
Bank of Chillicothe	½	Trenton Bank	do
Lancaster	½	New Brunswick	do
Marietta	½	Mount Holly	do
Columbus	½	Camden	do
Portsmouth	5	Cumberland	do
Indiana.		Newark Insurance	do
F. & M. Bk. Madison	12½	State Bank at Morris	do
Br. at Lawrenceb.	50	do. at Elizabetht'n	do
North Carolina.		Sussex	do
State Bank & Branches.		Paterson bank	unc
$5 and upwards	6	*Connecticut.*	
South Carolina.		New Haven Bk. do.	2
Charleston, $5 & up.	3	Bridgeport	do
Delaware.		Middletown bank	do
Bank of Delaware	½	Phœnix Bk. Hartford	do
Commercial Bk. Del.	½	*Virginia.*	
Farmers' Bk. of Del.	½	Richm'd & br. $5 & up.	1
Branch at Newcastle	½	Valley B'k & bran.	do
do. at Wilm'gton	½	N. W. B'k Wheeling	½
do. at Georget'n	½	*Rhode Island.*	
Wilmington & Bran.	2	Providence Banks	2
Massachusetts.		Wash'gton B'k West.	do
Boston Bks. $5 & up.	2	Phœnix B'k at do.	do
Springfield	2	N. E. Commer. Bank	do
Hamsh. Bk. N. Hampt.	2	Oth. R. I. notes, gen.	do
Salem	2	*Vermont.*	
Worcester	2	Burlington	3
Other Massach. notes	2	*New Hampshire*, gen	3

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 27, 1830.

EDITORIAL NOTICE.—We have so much *original matter*, in the shape of advertisements, in our paper to-day, that we have concluded to add none of our own.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at FOUR dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or THREE dollars at the end of the year.

REES R. JONES,

NO. 33 Hand Street, between Penn and Liberty streets, having enlarged his Factory, has now on hand, and intends always to keep, a large and complete assortment of all kinds of

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,

Spanish, Half Spanish, and Common Segars.

Also, Scotch and Rappee Snuff, all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1829.—tf.

Superior Business Stands FOR SALE.

THOSE two elegant brick dwelling houses and stores, No. 108 & 110, Market street, opposite the Allegheny bridge: one lately occupied by James Kerr, and the other, at present, by J. Shea & Co. Payments very accommodating.

Apply to
H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
Pittsburgh, Dec. 15, 1829.—tf

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS.—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets.) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.
September 18, 1829.—tf.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,
Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

TRIAL OF ANTICHRIST,

OTHERWISE the Man of Sin, for High Treason against the Son of God. Tried at the Session House of Truth, before the Right Hon. Divine Revelation, Lord Chief Justice of his Majesty's Court of Equity; the Hon. Justice Reason, of said Court; and the Hon. Justice History, one of the Justices of his Majesty's Court of Information. The Books will be ready within a few days, if God permit, and may [illegible] Mr. Patterson's Book-store. and fro[illegible] articles

The [illegible] Allegh[illegible] lowing hasty sketch of the passa[illegible] this vessel from Pittsburgh to Franklin, was politely handed to us by our enterprising townsman, Mr. *David Dick*. We congratulate the public on the result of this experiment. It has established the important fact, that steam may be advantageously applied to the navigation of the Allegheny river when the water is at an ordinary stage, and with a moderate expenditure in its improvement, at its lowest state. By this conveyance, notwithstanding the many interposing difficulties, goods have been brought from the wharves at Pittsburgh and offered for sale at our village on the *fifth day*. This is an interesting fact. By no other means of transit have they ever been delivered in so short a time.—*Crawford Messenger.*

Mr. Atkinson—At your request I hand you a few particulars, hastily put to paper, touching the passage of the Steam Boat Allegheny, up that river.

We left Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, at 11 o'clock, A. M. in rather an unprepared state, being desirous of trying the boat before the water got too low, and arrived at Freeport, a distance of thirty miles, that evening.—Started next morning—met with a little trouble at the Kiskeminitas aqueduct. Unaware of meeting with an extra current, occasioned by the piers of the aqueduct, we were passing rather carelessly, and had got two thirds thro' when the current struck the bow in a quarterly direction and turned her about. On a second trial she passed through without difficulty. Patterson's falls was the first that presented any difficulty to her progress. Here the water, at a low stage, is confined to a very narrow channel—It is considered the most formidable rapid in the Allegheny.—She ascended the falls about two-thirds their distance, and become stationary. This was entirely owing to the bad quality of the wood—by which the steam could not be raised beyond two-thirds of the working pressure—By the application of machinery she was warped a distance of about 30 feet, which carried her over the pinch. The same difficulty, and from the same cause, bad wood, was met with at Montgomery's falls—we arrived at them early in the morning—and before the steam was half the working pressure. By the same process as at Patterson's falls, the difficulty was overcome. We arrived at Franklin at two o'clock, P. M. on Sunday, and on the same day the Allegheny proceeded on her course to Warren. Making all proper deductions for stoppages to take in and put out passengers, and to obtain supplies of wood, &c. and the loss of an afternoon at Patterson's falls, we may state the time in making the trip at about 36 hours. From the result of this experiment, we may fairly assume, that the passage from Pittsburgh to Franklin can be made by this boat in two days, and to Warren in three, running only in day-light, the river being in the same state it was when we ascended, the engine in good order, and driven by wood of a suitable quality.

This being the first, and altogether a trip of experiment, it may be naturally supposed that many difficulties would present themselves, equally as regarded her machinary and the tact necessary to her navigation. This was anticipated. Several matters have been found defective, and will be promptly remedied.

No serious obstacles present themselves to the navigation of the Allegheny river, by steam boats from Pittsburgh, until you arrive within about 40 miles of Franklin. Catfish Falls is a strong rapid. Parker's, Patterson's, and Montgomery's falls, followed in pretty quick succession, all being embraced within no less than 20 miles distance. Should these places be improved by dams of 4 or 5 feet high, and the channels deepened elsewhere, where the river spreads over much surface, the Allegheny could be rendered navigable, it is my deliberate opinion, for steam boats, as the Ohio now is, and both rivers could, by a comparatively small expenditure, be rendered navigable for boats of 100 tons in the lowest stage of water.

A supplement to an act entitled "an act for taking land in execution for the payment of debts," passed in 1705.

SECTION 1. That from and after the passage of this act, where the lien of a mortgage upon real estate is or shall be prior to all other liens upon the same property, except other mortgages, ground rents, and the purchase money due to the commonwealth, the lien of such mortgage shall not be destroyed, or in any way affected, by any sale made by virtue or authority of any writ of venditioni exponas.

SECT. 2. That no sale made by virtue or authority of any writ of levari facias, issued upon a judgment in a suit upon a mortgage, shall destroy, or in any way affect the prior lien of any other such mortgage as aforesaid. *Approved April 6, 1830.*

An Act explanatory of the act entitled, 'an act relative to the Patenting of Lands, passed the 8th April, A. D. 1829.'

SECT. 1. That in all cases where the moneys due for the patenting of lands have been secured by mortgages to the Commonwealth, and the whole or any part thereof is unpaid, the secretary of the Land Office shall deduct from the amount due the Commonwealth the interest charged on the purchase money of any lands for the time which elapsed between the 2d December, 1776, and 2d December, 1783. *Provided*, that the lien of the Commonwealth on the said lands, shall not be in any way affected by this act. *Approved March 12, 1830.*

An Act, relative to the discharge of mortgages filed in the Land Office.

SECT. 1. That when a mortgage has been, or shall be given and filed according to law, in the office of the Secretary of the Land Office, or lien endorsed on the patent for any tract or tracts of land as security for the discharge of the claim of the Commonwealth thereupon, and where any tract or tracts so mortgaged, or where a lien has been, or may be endorsed on such patent, have become, or shall hereafter become legally vested in different persons, any one or more of such persons, or their legal representatives, holding a portion or portions, in his, her, or their own separate right, or the rights of those whom they represent, may apply to the Secretary of the Land Office, who shall ascertain the proportion of the amount due on said part, and upon payment of the amount so ascertained, to endorse the same on the mortgage or lien, and upon the deed or conveyance for the land aforesaid, which shall discharge the lien of the Commonwealth upon the land contained in the said deed: *Provided*, That the applicant aforesaid, his agent or attorney, shall make it appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Land Office, by the certificate of the deputy surveyor of the county, on the return of a survey made by him of such part of a tract, that the remaining part of the land held under a mortgage or lien to the Commonwealth aforesaid, is sufficient to pay the remainder due on said mortgage or lien, and also shall produce a certificate of the commissioners of the proper county of the assessed value of the said land: *And provided further*, That the exoneration of the part or parts aforesaid, shall in no manner affect the lien of the Commonwealth upon the remaining part. *Approved March 10, 1830.*

It is our unpleasant duty to announce the death of General Alexander Smyth, a Representative from the State of Virginia. He breathed his last at his lodgings in this city, at 1 o'clock on Saturday, after an illness of but a few days' duration. It is scarcely two weeks since he delivered a speech of considerable length in the House of Representatives; and it seems to us to be less than a week since we saw him in apparent health.

Of the life of General Smyth, an account may be expected from the pen of some one of his friends. As a public man, from whom we often differed very widely, we have always regarded him as upright and conscientious. His manners were urbane and courteous, and his private life retiring and unobtrusive. His age we presume to have been about sixty-five.—*Nat. Intel.*

Important to Steam Boat Owners.—Messrs. Charles Hammond and Henry Starr, of Cincinnati, as *referees* in a case of Steamboat insurance, Rogers & Shrewsbury *vs.* the Protection Insurance Company, have decided in favor of the latter, and awarded that the office is not chargeable with the loss sustained by the Plaintiffs.—The Plaintiffs insured with the Defendants, three thousand dollars upon the steamboat Kanawha, for six months, to navigate the Ohio River and its tributary streams above the Falls. The insurance was taken in terms, upon the boat, "her hull, engine, furniture, tackle and apparel." The risks insured against, were specified to be of "the seas, rivers, fires, enemies, pirates, assailing thieves, *and all other perils, losses and misfortunes*, &c." The Plaintiffs' counsel maintained that the terms underscored covered loss by bursting of the boiler, but the referees maintain the reverse of this position, and contend that the phrase *all other perils*, &c. refers only to the causes specified, and that it rests upon the assured to prove that the bursting did proceed from some of these causes, as the assurer is not answerable for the neglect or ignorance of engineers and others, in charge of steam apparatus.—*Balt. Chron.*

Arctic Expedition.—The Paris Moniteur states that Captain Ross's expedition to the Arctic Pole has safely reached the 67th degree of north latitude. The steam boat has traversed the most dangerous seas of the globe. But wishing to touch at the coast of Spitsbergen, she was overtaken by a violent gale of wind, which carried away her maintopmast. Owing to a very fortunate accident, especially in a region where no spars proper to repair such a loss could be expected to be procured, an English vessel happened to get among the ice, and was therefore abandoned by its crew, when her mainmast was taken out by the steamer, as well as the provisions and fuel that were requisite for continuing the voyage to the Pole.

A part of the mineral district of Missouri, comprising twenty or thirty townships, and parts of counties, is advertised to be sold at auction on the first Monday in August next, at the Land Office in St. Louis. In addition to land, ores of iron, manganese, zinc, antimony, arsenic, plumbago and other minerals of minor importance, are to be found in that district, which is also represented to be remarkably healthy, well watered, and timbered with pine, sycamore, cotton wood, sugar maple and other rich productions of the forest.

The Execution.—On Tuesday last, about 3 o'clock, P. M. the sentence of the law was executed on the unfortunate Joseph Evans, for the murder of John Cissler. The day was very fine and the concourse of people very great, perhaps the greatest ever witnessed in this county, it being the first execution since the seat of justice was established in this place, upwards of 40 years. He made a confession, which was published previous to his execution, in which he contradicts all the witnesses who testified against him on his trial, but one, and in one particular which was calculated to have a strong bearing against him, he says he must have been mistaken. We do not think the confession calculated to be of any use to the community, nor proper for newspaper publication. The law has been satisfied so far as his life could pay the forfeiture—the grave has closed upon him—he is in the hands of the unerring judge—there we wish to leave him.—*Greensburgh Gaz.*

The trial of Lentz, charged with the wilful murder of Charles Dernier, commenced in the Oyer and Terminer on Thursday, and was closed last night. The circumstances were nearly as follows: There was a dance at the house of the father of the deceased in January last, in Kensington, at which a number of French and Germans were assembled. At about 11 o'clock a dispute occurred between some of the company concerning the music which should be played. A general quarrel and fight followed. After all had become quiet, Lentz was persuaded by his sister (according to her statement) to leave the party with her, and she left him pursuing his route homeward. She returned, and her brother also came back without her knowledge. Three witnesses testified that the prisoner and deceased were standing close together outside of the door, when Dernier suddenly fell, was carried into the house, and instantly died. A female witness asserted that Lentz, who was in the garden, sent her several times to ascertain whether Dernier was dead, and upon her returning with affirmative answers, expressed a concern to get rid of a certain knife, which was afterwards found, marked with blood.

The Jury have brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree.—*Philada. Morning Journal.*

Melancholy Accident.—On Thursday afternoon last, Thomas Yeats, Esq. of this borough, who had been viewing the workmen engaged in blasting rocks, in a cellar at the block of new buildings erecting in Market street, received a fatal wound in the head from a stone. He had retired, we understand, into an old building situate a few yards from the cellar, when a blast was about to be made, but immediately after the explosion had taken place, unfortunately leaned out of the door to view its effects, when a descending fragment, weighing about 5 pounds, struck him on the head and fractured the scull in a most shocking manner. He lingered in an insensible state until Saturday, when he expired. It may truly be said that "in the midst of life we are in death."—Mr. Yeats was one of the Directors of the Poor of this county, an elder and exhorter in the Methodist Episcopal Church, and highly esteemed by his fellow citizens, for his piety and honesty.—*Chambersburgh Repos.*

CONGRESS.

April 17.—In the Senate, petitions in favor of the Southern Indians were presented by Messrs. Holmes and Webster. Two memorials were presented remonstrating against the abolishment of Sunday Mails. Mr. Chambers, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported a bill for the benefit of a Female Orphan Institution in the city of Washington. The bill for several Institutions for the instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, was ordered to a third reading; and the bill making appropriations for examinations and surveys, and for works of Internal Improvement, in which are appropriations for the continuation of the Cumberland Road, passed by a vote of yeas 26, nays 17. The bill for the benefit of the creditors of Bennet & Morte; and the benefit of the Relatives of the Officers and Seamen who were lost in the sloop of war Hornet, were passed. Mr. Sprague concluded his argument, in reply to Mr. Forsyth, against the bill providing for the removal of the Indians westward of the Mississippi, which was taken up as the unfinished business.

Monday, April 19.—Neither House of Congress continued in session, except to hear the decease of General Smyth announced in the usual form.

April 20.—In the Senate, yesterday, a memorial was presented by the president, from the ship carpenters, rope makers, riggers, block makers, plumbers, coppersmiths, and others, of the city of Philadelphia, engaged in the various branches of business connected with commerce and navigation, remonstrating against the *tariff*. Mr. Foot suggested the reference of the memorial to the Committee on Manufactures, without reading, when, at the instance of Mr. Hayne, the memorial was read, and ordered to be printed on the motion of Mr. Grundy.

The bill authorising the appointment of an additional clerk in the office of the Secretary of State, and for regulating and fixing the salaries of the clerks in said office; the bill for the relief of Jean B. Jerome; the bill for the relief Gabriel Godfrey, the bill authorizing the inhabitants of the State of Louisiana to enter back lands; the bill for the relief of David Baird; and the bill for the relief of the several institutions in the United States, for the instruction of the Deaf and Dumb; were severally read a third time and passed.

In the House of Representatives, petitions and memorials (the presentation of which was deferred on Monday, in consequence of the funeral of Gen. Alexander Smyth,) were submitted as usual. Among the memorials presented by the Speaker, was one from the ship carpenters, and other artisans employed in ship building in Philadelphia, setting forth the grievances under which they labored from the impost duties on raw materials. It was read twice and referred to a Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.—The House resumed the consideration of the resolution of Mr. Desha, for the reorganization of the army, and the reduction of the number of officers.

Mr. Tucker concluded his remarks in support of the proposed measure; and was followed by Mr. Drayton in opposition to it. The hour expired, however, before the latter gentleman concluded his observations. The numerous private bills ordered for a third reading on Friday, were read a third time and passed, and various other bills of a private or local nature, were passed through the ordinary stages of legislation. The bill for the reduction of the duties on Tea and Coffee, was, after an animated and interesting debate, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to day. Amendments had been submitted by Mr. Semmes to reduce the duties on Coffee from 2½ cents per lb. as proposed by the bill, to 2 cents, after the first of December 1831; and to 1 cent after the expiration of a year from that date; and by Mr. Reed, providing that the duty on cocoa should not exceed 1 cent per lb.; both of which were agreed to. The remainder of the day was occupied in the consideration of the Florida Land Claims Bill, which, after a long debate, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.—*U. S. Telegraph.*

The present duty on Coffee is FIVE cents per pound. The bill, as passed to a third reading, reduces it to TWO.

STEAM BOAT LIST.

ARRIVALS.

April 22,	Lark.
23,	Nile.
'	Erie.
24,	Maryland.
'	Odd Fellow.
25,	Sylph.
26,	Citizen.
'	Messenger.
'	Monticello.
'	James O'Hara.

DEPARTURES.

April 22,	Native.
23,	Planet.
24,	Lark.
25,	Paragon.
'	Erie.
'	Ruhamah.
26,	Nile.

DOCTOR HAYS, at No 66 Liberty street, above Fourth. April 27, 1830.

JAMES PARK, WHOLESALE GROCER, respectfully informs the public, that he has this day taken into copartnership Mr. THOMAS PLUMER. The business will be conducted under the firm of JAMES PARK & Co. at No. 114 Second street, a few doors east of Wood street. They are regularly supplied with

Tin-Plate and Copper,

IRON WIRE,

JUNIATA HAMMERED & ROLLED IRON,
do. SHEET - - do.
do. NAILS, assorted,

which they will sell at reduced prizes. By a diligent and prompt attention to business, they hope to give satisfaction to those who may favor them with their orders.

JAMES PARK,
THOMAS PLUMER.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1830. (Ap. 27—w2m)

Just Received,

5 TIERCES SPERMACETI OIL,
30 bbls. FLAXSEED OIL,
1 cask genuine BEAR'S OIL,
And a few barrels CASTOR OIL, (cold press'd.)
SWEET OIL, by the tierce or barrel. For sale by CHARLES AVERY & Co.
April 27.—w4t.

POLYMNIAN CONCERT.

THE Sixth Public Concert of the "Polymnian Society" will be given, at Mr. Beale's Long Room, on Friday evening next, the 30th instant. Members can receive their tickets, by calling at the Bookstore of Messrs. Johnston & Stockton, Market street.

JOSEPH SNOWDEN, *Secretary*,
April 27, 1830.

5 DOLLARS REWARD. Lost, or otherwise separated from the pocket of the subscriber, a leather pocket book, in which his name is written. It contained about thirty dollars of the Bank of Pittsburgh, and some papers, of use only to the owner. The above reward will be paid, if the book and its contents are left at the shop of Doctor Reynolds, 192 Liberty street. Should the possessor prefer to retain the money, he would confer a peculiar favor, by dropping the book and papers in the Doctor's shop, of an evening, when the Doctor is out.

J. H. M'CLELLAND.
April 27, 1830.—2t*

DRIED HIDES, &C.

RECEIVED, per Steam Boat Powhatan, and for sale at low prices,

Prime Green, Havana, Rio, and Porto Rico Coffee.
Gunpowder, Imperial, and Y. Hyson Teas.
Nutmegs, Cloves, Alspice, and Pepper.
Bengal and Manilla Indigo.
Madder, Ginger, and Rice. Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Superior Loaf Sugar, (*refined without blood.*)
Fustic, Nicaragua, and Campeachy Dye Woods.
Madeira, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, & Port Wines.
Holland Gin, (Seran Brand;) Jamaica Spirits.
Cog. Brandy, (Seignette Brand.)
Molasses; New Orleans Sugar.
600 Heavy, Dried and Salted Hides, suitable for Sole Leather.
25 barrels Tanners' Oil.
A few dozen Baskets Fresh Sallad Oil, &c. &c.

SCHWEPPE & HORNER,
Corner of Market and Third streets.
April 27, 1830.—tf

DRAWN NUMBERS in the Union Canal Lottery of Pennsylvania, Class 6, for 1830:

30 38 52 26 54 11 6 49 22 32

☞30, 38, 52, the Grand CAPITAL PRIZE of

25,000 DOLLARS,

was sold at GREER'S Lucky Lottery Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty.—Also, 26, 32, 49, a prize of $400, and many others of smaller amount. Pittsburgh, April 27, 1830.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY of Pennsylvania, Class No. 7 for 1830. To be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1830. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers.—Fifty-Four Number Lottery—Eight Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1		10,000		10,000
1		5,000		5,000
1		4,000		4,000
1		3,000		3,000
1		2,452		2,452
5		1,000		5,000
5		800		4,000
10		500		5,000
10		400		4,000
10		300		3,000
10		200		2,000
46		100		4,600
46		80		3,680
46		60		2,760
46		50		2,300
92		40		3,680
92		30		2,760
920		20		18,400
8280		10		82,800
9624 prizes—15180 blanks				$198,432

Whole Tickets	$10 00	Halves -	$5 00
Quarters -	2 50	Eighths -	1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to. Cash advanced for prizes on presentation. Apply to or address DAVID GREER, No. 114 Market str't, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.
April 27, 1830—3t.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUG

WAREHOUSE.

THE undersigned have received, in addition to their spring stock, by way of N. Orleans,
20 tons SPANISH WHITING,
1 ton of IVORY BLACK,
5 tons FUSTIC,
34 bbls. VENETIAN RED,
30 casks EPSOM SALTS,
16 bbls. ALUM,
74 carboys OIL OF VITRIOL,

With a very extensive assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, &c. &c. which will be sold on the most accommodating terms.

CHARLES AVERY & Co.
April 27.—w4t.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

CORNER of Sixth and Wood Street, has just received an additional supply of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, &c. which he offers to country merchants, druggists and physicians, on accommodating terms.

April 20.—w3t.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE, the undersigned, Painters and Glaziers of the city of Pittsburgh, do certify, that the WHITE LEAD now manufactured by H. Brunot, and branded '*Pittsburgh White Lead—H. BRUNOT*,' is as good as any made in or about Pittsburgh, and we give it a preference.

Alex. Ingram,
Joseph Jenkinson,
Robert Menha,
E. G. Nelson,
John Phillips,
Andrew Beggs,
George Dobbs,
James Stuart,
Archibald Shaw,
David Glenn,
Isaac Rhoads,
F. S. Byrne,
A. Westervelt,
Nath. Whiston,
John W. Kane,
John Hern.

☞ Orders addressed to H. Brunot & Co. Pittsburgh, will be attended to. April 27.—w6mo.

REMOVAL.

DR. JOHN H. IRWIN has removed to number 39 Second street, just opposite the Post Office. April 27, 1830.—3m

TWO CAPITAL PRIZES SOLD AT CLARKE'S OFFICE.

DRAWING of the Union Canal Lottery of Pennsylvania, Class No. 6, for 1830:

30, 38, 52, 26, 54, 11, 6, 49, 22, 32.

Numbers 6, 34, 54, Capital of $500. Also, 11, 32, 38, a prize of $250, were sold at Clarke's Office, to a gentleman in the city.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY of Pennsylvania, Class No. 7, for 1830. To be drawn at Philadelphia, on Saturday, 8th May, 1830. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. 54 Number Lottery—8 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1		10,000		10,000
1		5,000		5,000
1		4,000		4,000
1		3,000		3,000
1		2,452		2,452
5		1,000		5,000
5		800		4,000
10		500		5,000

Whole Tickets, $10; Halves, $5; Quarters, $2,50; Eighths, $1,25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attend to. Cash advanced for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address

J. M. CLARKE,
No. 95 Market street, Pittsburgh.
April 27, 1830.—3t

☞Stage Drivers Wanted.

I WISH TO HIRE SIX PERSONS TO DRIVE STAGE.

NONE need apply but those who can come well recommended for good horse-masters and first rate reinsmen. For such I will pay from $10 to $18 per month. Apply to

GEO. A. DOHRMAN,
April 27—tf Steubenville, Ohio.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to the last will and testament of John Lukens, Esq. formerly Surveyor General of the State of Pennsylvania, deceased—Mrs. Tacy Lenox, sole executrix of the last will and testament of David Lenox, Esq. deceased, who was the surviving Executor of the last will and testament of the said John Lukens, deceased, offers for sale the following Farms and Tracts of Land, to wit:—

A Farm on White Deer Creek. near Milton, in Union County, containing 319 acres—the canal to pass near it.

A Farm called "Bald Eagle" situate on Marsh Creek, in Centre county, containing 326 acres and allowance, now in the tenure of Frederick Shank.

A large Farm called the Big Meadows, situate on little Augwick Creek in the County of Huntingdon, near Fort Littleton, containing 401 acres and 1 quarter of an acre, and allowance.

A small Tract, called Iron Mine, situate in Centre County, containing 34 acres and 56 perches, supposed to contain Iron ore.

Four Tracts of Land situate in Bradford County, near the Silver Lake, each of them containing 424 acres and an half, allowance.

A Farm situate near the town of Beaver, on the north east side of the river Ohio, in Beaver County, containing 255 acres, and allowance.

And also sundry lots in the Town of Sunbury, in the County of Northumberland, particularly, the lots No. 53, 125, 127, and 130, on Dewberry street and Broadway.

Terms, and other information relative to the lands, late of the said John Lukens, deceased, and in which he was interested, will be made known, and offers to purchase the same received, until the first day of December next, by

Mrs. Tacy Lenox, at the north west corner of Chestnut and Tenth streets, Philadelphia.

March 30, 1830.

In addition to the above mentioned lands and farms, belonging solely to the estate of the said John Lukens, deceased, will be offered for sale, one half of a tract of land, situate on Trough Creek, on the Rayston Branch of the Juniata, containing 133 acres, held by the testator in common with the late Capt. John Little.

And also the right and interest of the late John Lukens, in divers tracts of land, which James Ross, Esq. of Pittsburgh, has kindly undertaken the charge of. April 27, 1830.—w2m

MILLS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, executors of Nathan Hixson, Jr. deceased, in pursuance of his last will and testament, are now offering to sell at private sale, his interest, an undivided half, of the fine new brick STEAM GRIST MILL, and the large and commodious FRAME STEAM MILL, in the town of Maysville, now occupied by N. & N. Hixson, together with all the lots and appurtenances thereunto belonging. Also, his interest in Hixsons' OHIO WATER MILL AND DISTILLERY, on Three-mile, Brown county, Ohio. This mill possesses advantages over any in this section of country. Its water power is superior to any within ten miles of Maysville, lying within one and a half miles of the Ohio river, surrounded by a fine wheat country, on a tract of 350 acres of Land, which will for ages furnish timber and fuel for the mill and distillery. They are happy to inform those who may wish to purchase, that they are authorized to make the payments easy by giving as long credits as can reasonably be desired.

If not sold by the 20th of May, they then will rent his interest for one year. Those wishing to purchase or rent, will do well to make immediate application to N. Hixson of Maysville, who will show the property and make the terms known.

They are authorized to state that the surviving partner will also sell or rent his interest in two of these establishments, wishing to retain but one.

JAMES DIMMITT,
NATHAN HIXSON.
Maysville, April 27.—w3t.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

HAVING rented a Carpenter's Shop, fronting Liberty Street, at the head of Smithfield Street, from John Sampson, Esq. intends carrying on the HOUSE CARPENTER business, in all its different branches, and to do work, in good, substantial, and workmanlike manner.

JAMES STERRIT.

☞ The subscriber, having rented his shop to J. Sterrit, will recommend him as an ingenious, industrious, and good mechanic.

JOHN SAMPSON.
March 30.—wtf.

MANAGERS' OFFICE, PITTSBURGH.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 7 for 1830, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 8TH MAY, 1830. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Fifty-Four Number Lottery—Eight Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1		10,000		10,000
1		5,000		5,000
1		4,000		4,000
1		3,000		3,000
1		2,452		2,453
5		1,000		5,000
5		800		4,000
10		500		5,000
10		400		4,000
10		300		3,000
10		200		2,000
46		100		4,600
46		80		3,680
46		60		2,760
46		50		2,300
92		40		3,680
92		30		2,760
920		20		18,400
8280		10		82,800
9624 prizes				$198,432
15180 blanks—24804 tickets.				

Tickets -	$10 00	Quarters -	$2 50
Halves -	5 00	Eighths -	1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

Cash advanced for prizes on presentation.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer.

Apply to or address

GEORGE A. COOK.
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.
Managers' Office, April 27, 1830.

GUM ARABIC, Juniper Berries, Pyroligneous Acid, Pink Saucers, Gum Kino, &c. just received at the Drug Warehouse, corner of Sixth and Wood streets.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK.
April 20.—w3t.

M. B. MILTENBERGER, Commission Merchant,

No. 12, corner of Market & Front str'ts,
April 20—tf. Pittsburgh.

VENETIAN BLIND MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber takes this method to inform his friends, and the public of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that he has recently taken a place in Wood street, near Fifth, or third door from Mansion House Hotel; where he intends to pursue the business of making and repairing Venetian Blinds of the following description, viz:—

Venetian window shutters, and hall or summer doors, on the improved plan now in general use in the city of New York and vicinity: also, inside draw-blinds; together with the half blind, calculated to shade the lower part of the window only.—All of which may be had on the most reasonable terms.

From the experience he has had in the above business, he indulges a hope that he will be able to give general satisfaction.

ABRAHAM WESTERVELT.
April 13, 1830.—3tw

MILLINARY.

MISS E. DICKSON takes leave to acquaint her friends and the ladies of this city, that she has just returned from Philadelphia, with the latest imported London and Paris Fashions, for Ladies' full dresses, and promenade hats. She has selected the newest style of Ribands, Silks, and Trimmings, adapted to the season; and has made arrangements for receiving *monthly*, from one of the first houses in Philadelphia, the *newest* patterns of Female Fashion.

FANCY DRESS MAKING, AND LADIES' HABITS prepared on the shortest notice. *Leghorns* cleaned and trimmed as usual.

☞ The Dress Ware Rooms of the Miss Dicksons, are in one of the new houses of C. Brewer, Esq. on Fifth street, *two doors below Dr. Denny, next Market street.* April 13, 1830.—w4t

GOLD and Silver Bronze; Copper Bronze, various colors; Rose Pink; Gold and Silver Leaf; Japan Varnish; Chinese Vermillion, &c. just received at the New Drug Warehouse, corner of Sixth and Wood Streets.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK.
April 20.—w3t.

B. DONAGHY, TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he carries on the above business, at No. 4, Fifth street, corner of Fifth and Liberty streets, the house formerly occupied by John Foy, where all who please to favor him with their custom, may depend on having their work done in the first rate style, and on the shortest notice. All work warranted to be done so, or otherwise he will return the full amount of the garment to the purchaser. Latest fashions just received.

April 6, 1830.—w3m

THOMPSON & MILLER

Wholesale Druggists,

HAVE just received, at their Warehouse *No. 73, Wood-street, Pittsburgh*, extensive additional supplies of

DRUGS,

DYE-STUFFS, &c. &c.

Having recently purchased the above articles in the Eastern Markets, at reduced prices, they offer them low.

Sept. 8, 1829.—wtf.

STRAY COW.—Came to the farm of the subscriber, on Squirrel Hill, four miles from Pittsburgh, on Tuesday last, a large red Cow, with a young Calf. The horns of the Cow are wide apart, and she has some white on her belly, and a white spot in her forehead. She has no ear marks. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

JOHN ROSS.
April 27.—3t.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

PITTSBURGH.

P. M'KENNA, of the Market Street Auction, and J. HANSON, having entered into Partnership, under the firm of M'KENNA & HANSON, have taken a commodious Brick Warehouse, nearly opposite Griffith's Hotel, Wood street, Pittsburgh, and will transact a general

Auction & Commission Business.

They will be regularly supplied, from the eastward, with

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, BOOKS, AND **FANCY ARTICLES,**

Which will be sold cheap for cash or approved acceptances. They will also furnish to order any description of *PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURED GOODS*, at the lowest prices.

N. B.—Public Sales of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Furniture, every *Monday* and *Thursday*, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M. and of Hardware, Jewellery, &c. every *Tuesday* and *Friday Evening*. March 26—w6mo.

CHEAP BOOKS.

HOGAN & Co. *BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS*, corner of Front and Market streets, have on hand a large and general assortment of Books, in the various departments of Literature. Also, a general assortment of *School Books and Stationary*, which they offer to the Western Public, at *unusually low prices*, for cash or approved paper.

Their arrangements for keeping up constant supplies from the eastward, are such as will enable them to fill the orders of Merchants and Professional Gentlemen, Public and Private Libraries, on such terms as will preclude the necessity of sending their orders for Books to the eastern cities.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to, and particular attention paid to packing, &c.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1830.—2m

DARNLEY, or the Field of the Cloth of Gold: by the Author of "Richlieu." Also, Harper's Stereotype Edition of the History of the Jews, from the earliest period to the present time. By Rev. H. H. Milman, with Maps and Engravings: in two volumes. Just received and for sale by

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
Corner of Third and Wood streets.

April 13.—3t

A Farm For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a FARM, adjoining lands of David Boggs, and Mr. Snodgrass, on Sawmill Run, 2 miles from this city—containing eighty-three acres—fifty acres cleared—an Orchard—a Shingle Roof Barn, Log House and convenient out-houses, and great abundance of Stone Coal and Limestone. An undoubted title, clear of any incumbrance whatever. Terms easy, and made known by application to M'Kee & Graham, or the subscriber, on the premises.

CALEB FOSTER.

April 16.—4t*

PAPER WAREHOUSE,

No. 83 MARKET STREET.

THE subscribers keep constantly on hand a fine and well regulated assortment of the following kinds of PAPER, manufactured at the mill of Hurst & Brown.

Imperial, Superroyal, Medium, Royal, Demy, } PRINTING,
Cap, Post, Folio Post, WRITING,
Crown, Medium, Imperial, WRAPPING,
Blue and White TEA PAPER,
Bonnet and Fullers' BOARDS,

Which will be sold on as accommodating terms as can be purchased in this city.

JAMES BROWN & SON.

☞ The highest price given for RAGS, in Cash, Groceries, or Dry Goods. April 16—tf.

DRAWING EXPECTED TO-MORROW

OF the Union Canal Lottery, Class No. 6, for 1830. Capital Prize, $25,000. Tickets nine dollars. *For Sale this day only.*

GEO. A. COOK.
No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Managers' Office, April 23, 1830.

FRANKLIN WORKS, April 15, 1830.

IN consequence of Mr. James A. Bartram having withdrawn himself from my employ, as Clerk, all transactions at the Mill will be attended to by my brother, Orin Waters, and no other person.

ASA WATERS.

April 20.—3t.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

THE PROPRIETORS.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

JUNIATA IRON & NAIL WAREHOUSE.

THE subscribers have opened a Warehouse, No. 76 FRONT STREET, which will be a place of general deposite for Iron and Nails from their Rolling Mill in Allegheny-Town.

They will have, at all times, a general assortment of both Iron and Nails in store, which will be sold at as low prices, and upon as accommodating terms as they can be procured elsewhere in this market. Their customers and merchants generally, are solicited to leave their orders with Mr. Wm. James, Jr. who will attend to the business.

H. BLAKE & Co.

April 23.—3mo.

---

28 HHDS. N. O. SUGAR,
30 barrels do. do. old and fair,
30 do. MOLASSES,
72 do. MACKEREL, Nos. 2 and 3,
7 tons PIG LEAD,

For sale, on accommodating terms, by

M'KEE, CLARKE & Co.

April 23, 1830—4t.

THE public are hereby notified and warned not to trust my wife, Margaret C. Patterson, on my account, after this date, as any debts of her contracting I do henceforth refuse to pay.

R. M. PATTERSON.

Pittsburgh, April 23, 1830.—3t

BOARDING.—Five or six Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board, in a pleasant part of the city, a few steps from Market street. Inquire of the Printer. April 16—4t.

PITTSBURGH AUCTION ROOMS.

No. 138 Wood Street, corner of Sixth.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auction and Commission Merchants.

D. LYNCH having obtained the commission as Auctioneer for the city of Pittsburgh, and having associated himself with J. Butterworth, they will transact the Auction and Commission business, under the firm of LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH. They have made extensive arrangements eastward, and are prepared to supply merchants in general with

DRY GOODS,
Hardware, Groceries,
BOOKS,

And PITTSBURGH MANUF'D ARTICLES, upon the very lowest terms, at Private as well as Public Sale, for Cash.

N. B.—Public Sales of Dry Goods, Groceries, and Furniture, every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and of Hardware, Fancy Cutlery and Jewellery, on Monday and Thursday evenings, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Consignments.*

Pittsburgh, April 5—tf.

DOCTOR JEREMIAH BROOKS has his office in Third street, between Market and Wood streets, and will attend to the various branches of the medical profession.

Pittsburgh, April 20—3mo.

Allegheny Out Lots.

FOR SALE, Five Acres of Land, adjoining the land of the Rev. John H. Hopkins, and about one mile from the Allegheny Bridge. The ground is handsomely situated, and is a very eligible situation for a residence. It will be divided, if required. For terms, inquire of JOHN E. PARK, or JOHN HANNEN, Esq.

March 5.—tf.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

DESPATCH LINE OF

MAIL STAGES.

NORTHERN ROUTE,
From Pittsburgh to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

THROUGH IN FOUR DAYS.

By way of Blairsville, Ebensburgh, Yellow Springs, Huntingdon, Lewistown, Harrisburgh and Reading—arriving at Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Pittsburgh, early in the evening of the fourth day.

☞ This line runs nearly parallel with the Grand Pennsylvania Canal, from Pittsburgh to Harrisburgh. Passengers may have an opportunity of taking Canal PACKET BOATS, at different places on this route, if they think proper.

The proprietors have lately placed on the above line many additional Horses and first rate Coaches, together with sober, careful drivers. They therefore hope, by strict attention to the comfort of passengers, to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

☞ For seats apply at the Stage Office, corner of Second and Wood streets, or at Mr. Gleim's Mansion House, formerly kept by Col. Ramsey, Pittsburgh; and at the Stage Office, No. 244 Market street, Philadelphia.

Attentive Porters are kept at all the offices, to attend to passengers and their baggage.

Thirty pounds of baggage will be allowed to each passenger. All baggage to be at the risk of the owners.

J. MOORHEAD,
A. HORBACH,
J. BIGHAM,
S. MOORE,
COLDER & WILSON, } Proprietors.

March 9, 1830.—6mo.

WM. B. M'CLURE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.—Office No. 56 Fourth Street.

March 16.—tf.

CALEB LEE, DRAPER AND TAILOR, *Market Street, between Fourth and the Diamond*, has just received from Philadelphia, an extensive assortment of new and fashionable

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

and can furnish gentlemen with coats or full suits, at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

☞ He procured, during his recent visit to Philadelphia, the latest LONDON FASHIONS.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1830—tf.

THE PROTECTION

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, was incorporated by the Legislature of that State in 1825, with a capital of 150,000 dollars, and the privilege of increasing the same to 500,000 dollars, should the business of the company require it.

They will take risks on all Stone, Brick, or Frame Buildings, together with the Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Furniture, and Machinery contained in them. Also, on all Steam, Keel, or Flat Boats, that navigate the western waters, and their Cargoes.

WM. W. ELSWORTH, *Pres't.*

THOMAS C. PERKINS, *Secretary*—Hartford, Conn.

Having been appointed Surveyor for the above office for this city and vicinity, I am ready to make surveys of any of the above risks, and forward them to the agency at Cincinnati, where the policies will be executed. Apply to

CHARLES PLUMB,
At H. Holdship & Son's Bookstore, Wood-street.

April 2, 1830.—1y

☞ *Pittsburgh Steel and File Factory.*

WE the subscribers do certify, that we have used and examined a number of FILES, manufactured in this city, by S. BROADMEADOW & Co. out of their Steel; and we take pleasure in saying that they are equal to the best English Files, not cast steel; and whilst they are sold at the prices of the English Files of the same description, we will give them the preference.—We recommend the establishment to the patronage of the American manufacturer, mechanic, and merchant, in the full confidence, that it requires nothing but the support it deserves to flourish; and that the day is not distant, when we shall no longer be dependent on foreign trade for the best Files and Steel. It is scarcely necessary to remind any one, that nothing but good Steel can make good Files. The Steel from which these Files are made, is manufactured here, by S. Broadmeadow & Co. and is equal to English Blister Steel, and sold at 12 1-2 cents per pound. They also manufacture Common Steel, which is sold at 8 cents per pound.

MAHLON ROGERS,
MARSHALL & HAWDON,
H. BLAKE & Co.
JOSEPH PEARSON,
JOHN WETHERELL,
J. & Z. WETHERELL,
FRANCIS PRATT,
J. EWART,
JAMES THOMSON,
WARDEN & ARTHURS,
MARK STACKHOUSE,
Agent for Columbian Steam Eng. Co.
L. & P. PETERSON,
SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.
ASA WATERS,
THOMAS HAZELTON,
JOHN WOODS,
JOHN F. GREER,
SAMUEL SMITH,
WALLACE & BEGGS,
GREENAWALT & COVER,
ABNER UPDEGRAFF,
M'CLURG & Co.
EDWARD MOORE,
JAMES NELSON,
DAVID MACLEAN, Jr.
CUTHBERT & Co
AARON BROAD,
UNION ROLLING MILL Co.
JOHN SHERIFF,
JOHN BROWN, Blacksmith,
JOSEPH LONG,
KINGSLAND, LIGHTNER & Co.
PETER SHOENBERGER & SON,
WILLIAM DAY,
ADAMS, ALLEN & Co.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 27, 1829—tf.

FOR SALE,

THAT well known TAVERN STAND in Union street, at present occupied by by Mr. Joseph Barclay.

Also,—LOT No. 12, Brown's plan, bounded by No. 11 O'Hara street, Bedford alley and Brown street: 28 feet in front, by 123½ feet deep.

For further particulars please apply to the subscriber, corner of Water street and Cherry alley.

JAMES SCOTT.

Pittsburgh, June 23, 1829.—wtf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—

A piece of ground, containing in Front on Water street, between Market and Wood streets, about sixty-five feet, and extending back towards Front street about one hundred and five feet; on which are erected one two story brick house, one three story brick store and office, a two story frame dwelling house and back buildings, a frame building formerly occupied as a gunsmith shop, and four other buildings, now occupied by James Crossan and Barnet & Shorb.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Market street, between Front and Second streets, formerly owned by Abner Barker, containing in Front on Market street thirty feet, and extending back: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling house, with other back buildings.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Market and Wood streets, formerly occupied as the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, containing in Front on Third street twenty feet, and extending back towards Fourth street eighty-five feet; on which is erected a two story brick building.

Also, Adjoining the above, one other lot, containing twenty feet in front, and extending back eighty-five feet; on which is erected one frame building. Between the two last mentioned buildings an alley will be left for the common use of both.

Also, All that piece of ground situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Water streets, containing in front on Wood street about twenty feet, and extending back sixty feet; on which is erected a three story brick dwelling house with back buildings, subject to a ground rent of twenty-two dollars and fifty cents per annum.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Second streets, containing in front on Wood street about forty-eight feet, and extending back part sixty and part ninety feet; on which are erected two three story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Charles L. Volz and Willard Leonard.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on the north side of the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond about thirty-seven feet, and extending back to Jail alley; on which are erected two two story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Ephraim Pentland, Esq. and Mrs. Gormly.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER.

January 22, 1830.—tf

C. DARRAGH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office, No. 49, Fourth street, between Market and Wood streets, one door west of the United States Bank.

March 16—tf.

MILITARY GOODS.

A. H. HOGE is now opening an assortment of MILITARY GOODS; such as Brass, Plated, and Steel mounted Swords; Gilt and Plated Epaulets and Wings; Sashes; Plumes and Feathers; Gilt and Plated Lace; Cap Plates, &c. &c. which he offers cheap, at No. 130 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. March 19—tf.

MAHOGANY.

RECEIVED, at No. 65 Market street, a very splendid assortment of MAHOGANY, consisting of Scantling, Plank, Boards and Veneers. Also, ROSE and SATIN WOOD VENEERS: All of which are offered cheap for cash. Orders received and promptly attended to.

JOHN ALEXANDER.

Also, Fifty pairs BRASS CAPS and BASES.

March 23—tf.

FOR RENT.

THE STORE, in Liberty Street, lately occupied by James Haslet, with or without the Dwelling House. Apply to

ALLEN & GRANT.

April 3.—tf.

PITTSBURGH & PHILADELPHIA

CLOTHING STORE.

GEORGE C. MORGAN

HAS REMOVED to No. 102, Wood street, and has furnished his Fashionable Clothing Store with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞ Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Work made to order, on the shortest notice.

Sept. 25.—tf.

MEDICAL SPECIFIC for the Consumption.—*THE PULMEL* is a safe and efficient, mild and palatable remedy for this fatal disease, which has cured or relieved five hundred persons, from Boston to New Orleans, since 1827, being taken internally and inhaled. Many preparations of it are made at the chemical manufactory of the proprietor, *Doctor Rafinesque*, Professor of Medicine, Botany, &c. in Philadelphia, author of the *Pulmist, or Art to cure the Consumption.* He practises as a Pulmist, and furnishes ample written consultations on specific cases for Ten Dollars.

The Pulmel is sold, in Pittsburgh, by

CHARLES AVERY & Co.

Agents, at the Philadelphia price of 20 doses for One Dollar. Also, the Compound Syrup of Lycopus, for Hœmoptysis, the Pulmist, &c. The Syrup of Pulmel sold at a small advance of 25 per cent. A pamphlet of the Pulmel given gratis to applicants. April 16—7t.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers having formed a connexion in business under the firm of S. P. Church & Co. have taken the store recently occupied by Mr. G. M'Kown, No. 45 Market street, where they intend keeping a complete assortment of EUROPEAN, INDIA, AND AMERICAN DRY GOODS, at Retail, and at such prices as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction to those who will favor them with their patronage.

They respectfully invite their friends, and the public generally, to call and examine for themselves.

SAMUEL P. CHURCH,
CLARK B. CHURCH.

April 16.—3w.

ALDERMAN MURRAY has removed his Office to the house of General Patchell, No. 11, in the south-west corner of the Diamond.

April 9, 1830.—tf.

Paper Moulds.

THE subscriber has on hand, an assortment of Paper Moulds, which he will sell cheap.

ALSO,

Three Hundred Dozen Horse Cards

OF THE BEST MANUFACTURE.

EDWARD FABER.
Corner of Wood and Fifth Streets, opposite Col. Ramsey's Hotel.

Pittsburgh, October 6, 1829.—tf

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL.

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods.

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

PLANES.

A GENERAL assortment of Philadelphia manufactured Bench and Moulding PLANES, just received by A. H. HOGE, at his Hardware Store, No. 130 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

March 19, 1830—tf.

PITTSBURGH STEEL.

MANUFACTURED by S. Broadmeadow & Co.—This steel will bear a *welding heat*, and is tempered or hardened as the Crowly Steel, and we warrant it as equal to the BEST English Blister Steel.

S. BROADMEADOW & Co.

May 15, 1829—1y.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Steel & Carlisle, is dissolved by mutual consent. All those indebted to or having claims against the firm, will present them to Steele & Co. for settlement.

I. STEELE.
WM. M. CARLISLE.

☞ In retiring from the late firm of Steele & Carlisle, I take the liberty of recommending my successors, Steele & Co to all my friends, and feel confident that all business entrusted to their care, will be punctually attended to.

WM. M. CARLISLE.

March 30—6mo.

STEELE & Co.

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

OFFER FOR SALE, ON LIBERAL TERMS,

200 SALTED HIDES
500 bbls. Plaster Paris
50 bbls. No. 3 1829 Mackerel
300 bundles Deck, Spike, and Nail Rods
120 kegs Juniata ass'td Nails, (reduced prices)
50 tons Hammered Iron
500 boxes assorted Window Glass
Shovels, Spades, Hoes
Drawing Chains, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, March 30—6mo.

LINE OF PACKETS,

FROM PITTSBURGH TO NASHVILLE.

THE steamboats CORA and COMMERCE will be run as Regular Packets, to and from Pittsburgh and Nashville, every ten days, from the first of March, during the season, as both boats are fitted out with superior accommodations, experienced commanders, and capable of carrying large freights with light draft of water. Persons engaged in the Nashville and Pittsburgh trade, or intermediate ports, will find it to their advantage to give them a call. The line to be under the superintendence of WM. SRODES.

February 16—tf.

REGULAR PACKET.

FOR Terre-Haute, Lafayette, and all intermediate Landings.—The new, light draft of water steamer, HIGHLANDER, Rogers master, will commence running as a Regular Packet in the Wabash river, and stop at all the intermediate landings, so soon as the river opens. For freight or passage, apply to

TILLAY & SCOTT.

Louisville, February 19—3m.

REGULAR PACKET,

For Terre-Haute, Lafayette, and all intermediate Landings.

THE new and fast running steam boat TIPPECANOE, Defrees, Master, built expressly for the Wabash trade, will ply as a regular Packet: and being very light draught of water, will be able to run the whole season—will leave here about the 15th of March. For freight or passage, (having fine accommodations,) apply to

TILLAY & SCOTT.

Louisville, Feb. 15, 1830.—3m.

FOR ZANESVILLE AND PUTNAM.

STEAM BOAT ERIE will depart immediately on the opening of the navigation, and will continue to run during the season, as a REGULAR PACKET, between Pittsburgh and the above ports. For freight or passage apply on board or to

JOHN D. DAVIS,
45 Front Street, Pittsburgh.
C. G. WILSON, Zanesville.
E. BUCKINGHAM, Jr. & Co.
Putnam.

February 16—tf.

The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Managers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the undersigned will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN, } *Commis'ars.*

Feb. 22, 1828.—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H. Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

PERCUSSION GUNS AND PISTOLS; do. Caps; Powder Horns and Flasks; just received by A. H. HOGE, No. 130 Liberty str't, M'Donald's Row. March 19—tf.

Second Hand Clothing.

A GENERAL assortment of second Hand CLOTHING kept on hand and for sale at moderate prices, by

A. D. LEWIS,
Wood, between Second and Third Streets.

June 5—tf.

The American Fire Insurance Co.

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise. Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street, Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't,

Sept. 25—tf *No. 26 Wood street, Pittsburgh.*

PORCELAIN TEETH.—Doctor E. Merritt, Dentist, having, during his late visit to the eastern cities, acquired the art of manufacturing the above Teeth, celebrated for their beauty, incorruptibility and strength, is prepared to supply the public with them. He has also furnished himself with Natural Teeth, as well as the best materials for making artificial ones. Doctor E. M. has it in his power to accommodate ladies and gentlemen with all the various kinds of Teeth now in use, and can confidently promise to adapt them to the mouth in the neatest and best manner.

Dental operations performed at his office, in Fourth, No. 70, between Market & Wood streets.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 18, 1828—tf.

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200 DOZEN SCYTHES, consisting of Waldron's, Griffin's, Blanchard's, Passmore's and Harris's Grass—Waldron's, Griffin's, and Harris's Corn.—Also, German Scythe and Straw Knives; Indian Pond, Darby Creek, and Maryland Scythe Stones; Anvils, Vices, Steel of all kinds, &c. for sale at reasonable prices, by

SAM'L FAHNESTOCK,
Corner of Fifth and Wood streets.

Pittsburgh, March 2, 1830—t1Jy.

RICHARD FLINT

WILL make to order various descriptions of PRESSES: *Fine Brass, Steel, and Iron Machinery; Door Plates; Percussion Cane Guns*, on an improved plan, &c. &c. at No. 64 Second street. Pittsburgh, March 2—tf.

TO BE LET,

THE Brick Dwelling House on the corner of 4th and Market Streets, now occupied by Mrs. Hetich. Possession will be given on the first day of April next. For terms inquire of W. W. IRWIN, Corner of Liberty Street and Cecil's Alley.

March 2.—tf.

VALUABLE PROPERTY,

FOR SALE.

THE OLD PHŒNIX COTTON FACTORY, situated in the North Liberty of the city of Pittsburgh. The building is of brick and capable of working 4,000 Spindles, with 50 Power Looms. The Steam Engine, Shafts, &c. are in good order. It is well calculated for either a Cotton, Woollen, or Linen Factory.

☞ The Factory Building and Warehouse will be sold apart, or with the Building Lots attached, as may best suit the purchaser. Price and terms of payment can be made known by applying to

ADAMS, ALLEN & Co.

Pittsburgh, February 9—tf.

WHOLESALE

CHINA, GLASS

AND

EARTHEN WARE HOUSES.

THE subscribers offer a large and well selected stock, of all kinds and the latest patterns of goods in their line, imported direct from the English and French Potteries, by the way of New Orleans. They with confidence, therefore, invite all western merchants from the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, who have been in the habit of getting their ware from the eastern cities, (over the mountains) to call and examine for themselves.

Their terms are, to pack to order at Philadelphia prices, with an addition of 1½ cents per pound carriage, cash.—Credit arrangements can be made from three to twelve months. From their experience in the trade, they feel competent and pledge themselves to do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. All ware packed at their establishments will be insured, with proper handling, to open sound, for one per cent.

THOMAS G. GAYLORD.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
H. H. GAYLORD & Co.
Wheeling, Va.

☞ The Lexington Reporter, Chillicothe Gazette, and Ohio State Journal, (Columbus,) will insert the above to the amount of $2 each, and send their accounts to this office.

February 12, 1830.—tf

GEORGE A. COOK,

Agent for the Union Canal Lotteries of Penn'a,
No. 68 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

BANK NOTES, of the different states of the Union, *EXCHANGED.* Tickets in Yates & M'Intyre's Lotteries, constantly for sale.

Managers' Office, Nov. 24, 1829.

APPROVED ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

Which prevent and cure all Bilious Complaints, Malignant Fevers, &c.

THESE Pills, if timely administered, will counteract the causes which commonly produce yellow or bilious fever, ague or fall fevers, bilious cholic, pleurisy, dysentery, worms, sick and foul stomach, head ache, loss of appetite, flatulency, epileptic fits, hypocondria and hysterics complaints, sour stomach, heart burn, dyspepsia or indigestion, &c They remove habitual costiveness, colds and coughs, asthma, stranguary gravel, rheumatism, gout, scurvy, scorbutia blotches, impurities in the blood, female complaints, &c.

If they are taken about once a fortnight during the spring and summer months, they will prove a certain preventive against the ague and prevailing fall sickness.

A bill of directions for taking them, accompanies each box of pills—small boxes, 25 cents, large boxes 50 cents. Liberal allowance made to those who purchase to sell again.

_ For sale, wholesale and retail, at the proprietor's drug and family medicine warehouse, Nos. 137 and 139, N. E. corner of second and Race streets, Philadelphia, and by his agents, in every principal city and town throughout the United States.

☞ Take Notice, that each box of genuine Pills has the signature of the sole proprietor.

T. W. DYOTT, M. D.

A supply of the above medicine, just received and for sale at the Wholesale and Retail Drug and Medical Warehouse of DR. G. DAWSON, *Wood Street, Pittsburgh.*

March 5.—tf.

NOW OPENING,

A LARGE and extensive ASSORTMENT of MACHINE CARDS, from the manufactory of J. & J. A. Smith & Co. Leicester, Mass. which with their former stock will be disposed of on the most accommodating terms. Also, a lot on hand, to close consignment, which are offered at very reduced prices.

Orders for cotton cards will be punctually attended to.

WM. BELL, Jr. & Co
No. 51 Wood Street.

Feb. 17, 1829.—wtf.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVING opened a warehouse, No. 27 Wood street, between First and Second streets, for the purpose of keeping an assortment of IRON and NAILS, in order to be more convenient to their customers, they would thank them to leave their orders at the warehouse, where they will be promptly attended to.

P. SHOENBERGER & SON.

April 6, 1830—1mo.

A. association has been formed in Holland for draining the celebrated Lake of Haarlem. It covers 50,000 acres, and was produced by an inundation two centuries ago.

We are apprised to-day, (says the London Courier of the 17th March,) that the disasters at Vienna, from the inundation of the Danube, are far greater than was stated in the first accounts. The suburbs under water were so extensive as to contain 50,000 inhabitants; in addition to which the level country, on the north side of the river, was overflowed, and presented the appearance of a vast lake, the villages being recognised only by their churches, their spires, and the roofs of their houses. The rise of the water was so sudden that many families were surprised by it in their beds, and escaped only by repairing hastily to the upper part of the houses. In the cottages this resource was not always attainable, and the loss of lives, computed at first at 200, is, we fear, far greater.

Alexandria, in Egypt.—The number of vessels which arrived at Alexandria in the year 1829, was 909; in 1828, the arrivals were 891; in 1827, they were 605. Of the arrivals last year, 361 were Austrian vessels, 1 American from Smyrna, 4 Danish, 44 French, 200 English and Ionian, 8 Dutch, 32 Papal, 1 Russian, 135 Sardinian, 19 Sicilian, 5 Spanish, 13 Swedish, and 26 Tuscan. Is it not remarkable that among so many foreign vessels there should be but one American!—Most of the voyages were from the Archipelago, or from Turkish ports.

A young man is now living at Seville who is quite blind during the day, and cannot walk the streets without a guide, but who can see perfectly well at night when it is nearly dark, so as to be able to read the smallest character.

It is an acknowledged fact, that the Jewish nation have among their own body more charitable foundations than any other class of persons, and that the distressed members of its community are never known to apply for parochial or any other relief. We are led into these remarks from our having last evening attended a ball given at the City Concert Rooms, by a committee of gentlemen of that persuasion, the funds of which were to be applied in aid of a charitable institution, and after a very eloquent address from a gentleman, whose name did not reach us, the proceeds were voted to the Society for the relief of the indigent blind of the Jewish persuasion, and a handsome collection was made in aid of the funds of that most benevolent institution.—*London paper.*

A scientific correspondent, on the subject of steam carriages, writes as follows:—"A patent has been taken out for a new power, derived from a compound of sulphur, charcoal, and two other ingredients, which are not named, from which a vapor of such great force and quantity is obtained, that a tea-spoonful of fluid heated to 100 degrees less than boiling water, will give sufficient to raise a ton of water. The patentee of this discovery has made several experiments, from which it would appear that a very small boiler would be sufficient to impel a carriage of considerable weight, and that no addition to the fuel or fluid that yields the vapor would be required during a very long journey, as the vapor does not escape, but repeats its work several times, passing to and from the same cylinder. The patentee is a gentleman of high rank in the army, and is not likely to have deceived himself as to the capabilities of his new power; but the thing seems so extraordinary that one cannot but be sceptical until it is seen in actual operation.—*Dublin Jour.*

Cloth made from Moss Crop.—Mr. Helliwell, of Greenhurst Hey, near Todmorden, has manufactured a beautiful cotton russet cloth, and also yarn for stockings from the wool produced by the moss plant found

---

& SHOE STORE,

No. 134 Liberty Street.

THE subscribers have received and offer for sale a general assortment of Philadelphia manufactured

BOOTS AND SHOES

Of a superior quality, among which are
Ladies' common leather, Morrocco and lasting Boots,
Do. colored and black lasting Shoes,
Misses' and Children's black colored do.
Gentlemen's Calf skin, Morrocco and Seal skin Boots,
Do. Monroe and plain Shoes,
Do. dancing and walking Pumps,
Do. Over Shoes—*not gum elastic.*
Do. coarse Shoes, Monroe and plain.
Boy's coarse and fine Monroe and plain.

As this work is particularly manufactured for Pittsburgh, the public may be assured that none will be offered that is not of a good quality.

Also a constant supply of

Morrocco, Goat Skins, Black and Red, of a superior quality; Cream colored and Yellow Roans for Boot-lining.

N. B. Customer's work attended to by W. Closey as usual. CLOSEY & BRADY.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 27, 1829.—wtf.

For Coughs, Consumptions,

Colds, Influenzas, Whooping Coughs, Spasmodic Asthma, Pain in the side, Difficulty of Breathing and Want of Sleep.

CERTIFICATES.

WE, the subscribers have sold *La Mott's Cough Drops*, as agents for the Messrs. Crosbys. The Medicine has obtained the approbation of the public by effecting many cures of the diseases for which it is recommended. We have therefore no hesitation in recommending LA MOTT'S COUGH DROPS as an excellent medicine.

G Dawson, druggist, and late U S Surgeon at Fort Fayette, Pittsburgh, Pa. J. Hamm, M D and E D Downer, druggists, Zanesville; Wm. Mount, M D Dayton; M. Welt & Co. Apothecary's Hall, Goodwin and Ashton and Fairchilds & Co. druggists, Cincinnati; Ira Delano, druggist, Chillicothe; S Sharpless, merchant, St. Clairsville; B Brubacher & Co. merchants Springfield; L P Frazier, merchant Xenia; Wm Lowry, merchant, (O.) Dr. E Ferris, Lawrenceburgh; Dr. H Watts, Madison; (Indiana) Thomas Wells, druggist, Nashville; Thomas Davis, Steubenville; and Dr George M'Daniel, Clarksville, (Tenn.;) Byers & Butler, druggists, Louisville; F. Floyd, druggist, Frankfort; Dr. M Q Ashby, Richmond, Crutchfield & Russel, druggists, Danville; M'Ilvaine & Allen, merchants, Shelbyville, P B Price, merchant, Georgetown; T & H Brents, merchants Flemingsburgh; T R Atwood, Greensburgh; F Frabue, druggist, Russelville; and R M Kercheville, druggist, Bairds own, (Ky.)

Certificates of important cures will accompany each Bottle, with particular directions for using.

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